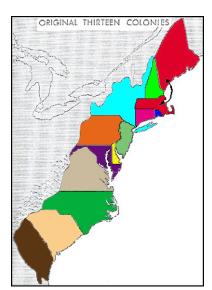
WHO WERE THE 13 COLONIES?

We will prove that we are undoubtedly that the original settlers in America were



descendants of the Israelites. We will show that God had a design in place for the nation of America. We will trace the immigrant of the Israelites from Europe to America and we will prove that the Israelites moved into America by tribes. And that God settled in the thirteen colonies in the SAME ALIGNMENT AND PRIOXITY AS THEY WERE IN THE LAND OF ISRAEL.

We need to stress that the information we are proving applies to the ORIGINAL AMERICAN

<u>SETTLEMENTS OF IMMIGRANTS ONLY</u>. <u>However it is important to recognize that all the tribes would move and mix and become a melting pot.</u>

American is a melting pot today but that was not their origin. It is also important to remember that the maps of the 13 colonies look nothing like the original colonies during the settling of America.

After the fall of Israel in 721 BC, the Israelites moved from the land of Israel to the land of Scythia in the present day Ukraine during 600 BC. Around the third century AD, they would migrate to Western Europe as the Germanic tribes. For proof that the Israelites moved from the land of Israel to Scythia, please read ATTACHMENT ONE AT THE END OF THIS DOCUMENT. Also the twelve tribes moved from Scythia into Western Europe in the 3rd century BC. FOR PROOF SEE ATTACHMENT TWO AT THE END OF THIS DOCUMENT.

Everything is by design. God had a plan in place for his people Israel. They would move to the places he chose. And this design proves that the original descendants of America were the Israelites. **Eventually the Germanic Tribes would migrate to America as the original settlers**.

The 12 tribes became the following nationalities today (for proof see attachment two at the end of the Document). The information in this writing is based on the 12 twelve being the present tribes listed below:

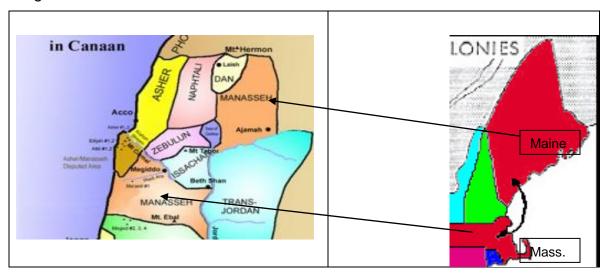
Tribe	Nationality	Homeland
Reuben	French; Huguenots	France
Issachar	Finns, Swiss	Finland,
		Switzerland,
		Belgium
Zebulon	Dutch	Netherlands
Judah/Benjamin	Scottish-Irish	Scotland,
	Higlanders	Northern Ireland,
	Serphardic Jews	Spain
Simeon	Lombards; Sparans	Scattered
		Wales
Levi	Quakers	Scattered
		Wales
Ephraim	Angles – British	Britain
Manessah	Saxons- British	Britain
Dan	Irish Catholic	Ireland; Denmark
Asher	Norwegians	Norway
Naphtali	Swedes	Sweden, Northern
		Europe
Gad	Germans	Germany

The Israelites move to America

Massachusetts and Maine Represented Manasseh

The colony of Maine and Massachusetts were English colonies. Massachusetts Bay Colony was one of the original English settlements in present-day Massachusetts. It was settled in 1630 by a group of about 1,000 Puritan refugees from England under Governor John Winthrop. In 1629 the Massachusetts Bay Company had obtained from King Charles I a charter empowering the company to trade and colonize in New England between the Charles and Merrimack rivers. The area between the Piscataqua and the Merrimack was named New Hampshire. The charter of 1691 merged the Plymouth colony and Maine into the Massachusetts Bay Colony. The colony of Maine was settled by the English. It was part of the Massachusetts Colony.

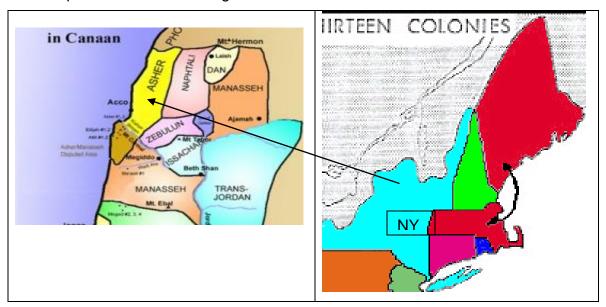
Ephraim and Manessah were the English people who originally settled Britain as the Anglo Saxon people. . Notice below how the two colonies align with the original Israelites tribes in the land of Israel.



Norwegians- Upper New York

In 1664 60 Norwegians had settled in the Manhattan and soon moved to the area up the Hudson River to Fort Oranje—now Albany. The second group of Norwegian Immigrants to America departed Stavanger, Norway, July 4, 1825, on the Sloop "Restauration". These 52 persons entered New York Harbor on October 9th, 98 days later Cleng Peerson led this group first to upstate New York.

Notice the map below. Upper New York lines up with the tribe of Asher/Naphtali in the land of Israel. The tribe of Asher and Naphtali was located in the upper part of the twelve tribes of Israel assigned territories. Both tribes settled in upper New York. It was one of the upper colonies. We conclude that the tribe of Asher and Naphtali were the Norwegians.



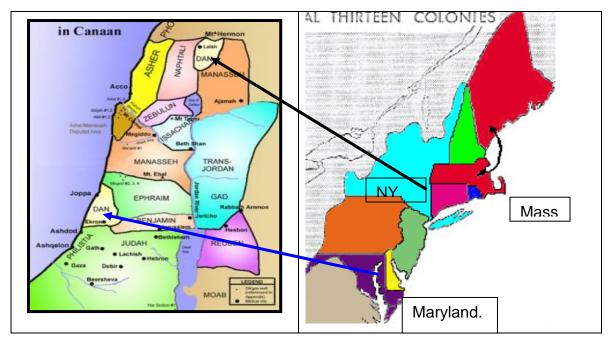
Remember all tribes would eventually move. According to the U.S. census of 2000 and the Canadian census of 2001, 4,477,725 Americans and 363,760 Canadians Norwegians. The greatest concentrations are still in and around the early agricultural settlements of **the upper Midwest**, with the greatest urban concentrations located in New York City; Chicago, Illinois; and Minneapolis, Minnesota. Almost one-third of Canadian Norwegians live in British Columbia.

The Irish were the tribe of Dan

Maryland was settled in 1633 by Leonard Calvert, Cecil Calvert's younger brother. He is better known as Lord Baltimore. It was the first Catholic colony. They had 140 settlers -Seventeen colonists were Roman Catholic gentleman; the rest were Protestant indentured servants.

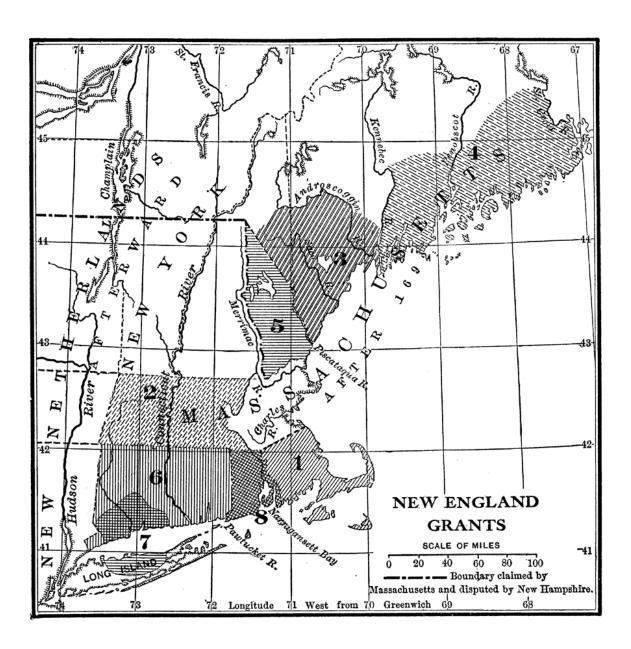
The Irish settled Maryland and the Eastern New England especially in Massachusetts. Massachusetts was an English colony but many Irish people would eventually settle there. In the beginning many Irish came to Maryland because of their religious freedom and because it was a Catholic Colony. Notice below how the map corresponds with the map of the original twelve tribes. The colony of Massachusetts and New York would host many Irish settlers. It is located in the upper part of the 13 colonies just like the tribe of Dan. Also In the early seventeenth century, Danish immigrants became established in North America. In the 1640s, **50 percent of the 1,000 people living in New Netherlands, now New York, were Danes.**

Also Dan had a second territory in the land of Israel it corresponds to Maryland. Irish would move into Maryland because it was a Catholic colony. Notice the location of the tribe of Dan with the blue arrow. It is a middle colony in the land of Israel.



The Irish would eventually concentration on the Eastern seaboard in New England, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and New York. All the tribes would move and mix together and become a melting pot.

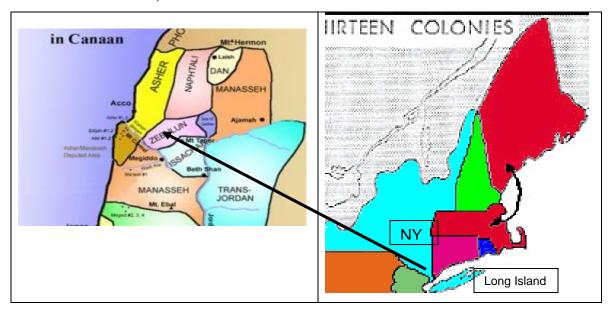
It is important to remember that the maps of the 13 colonies look nothing like the original colonies during the settling of America. See below this is what the original land grants looked like.



The Dutch was the tribe of Zebulon

Dutch settled in New York and Manhattan. The colony was called New Netherlands or New Amsterdam and it would later became New York City. In 1624 the settlement of Fort Amsterdam on Manhattan Island was part of the Dutch Republic. They controlled **the lower part of New York state and Manhattan.** The lower part of New York state and Manhattan was originally settled by the Dutch. The Dutch was the tribe of Zebulon. The Dutch always lived by the sea. Manhattan under Dutch control is a repeat of Dutch history.

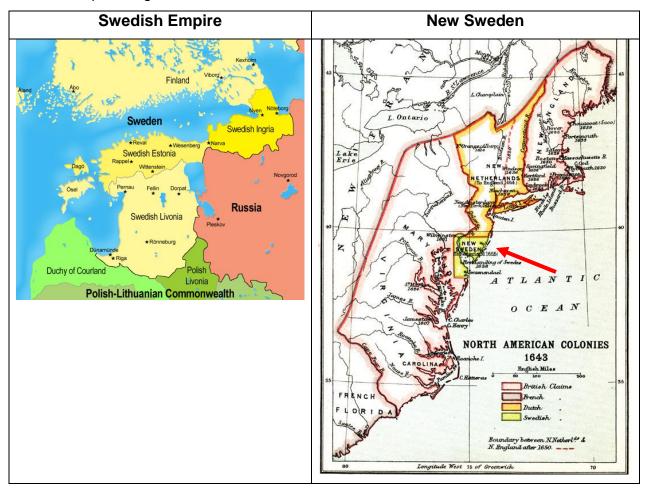
Notice the positions on the maps. Zebulon is located below Asher, Naphtali, Dan and Manessah on the map of Canaan. Zebulon was New York. It was located below Maine, Massachusetts and upper New York. The tribes of Naphtali, Asher ((Norwegians) settled upper New York, the tribe of Manassah settled in Maine and Massachusetts, the tribe of Dan settled New York.



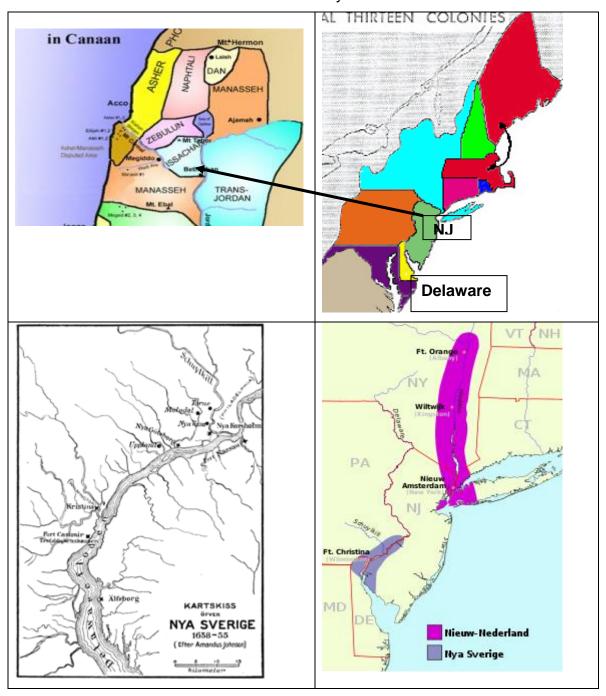
Swedes

New Sweden was a Swedish colony along the lower reaches of Delaware River in North America from 1638 to 1655 in Delaware, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. Fort Christina (Wilmington, Delaware), was the first settlement. The Swedes claimed the land on the west side of the South River that was Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, southeastern Pennsylvania, Delaware, and coastal Maryland. The colonists came from all over the Swedish realm. At that time in history the Swedish Empire included Sweden, Finland, parts of Russia, Estonia, and Germany. It was not the small country we see today.

The Swedish settlement was incorporated into Dutch New Netherland on September 15, 1655. The percentage of the Finns in New Sweden rose to about 50% when the colony came under Dutch rule. The year 1664 saw the arrival of a contingent of 140 Finns. In 1655, when the ship *Mercurius* sailed to the colony 92 of the 106 passengers were listed as Finns.



Belgium and Switzerland was also a tribe of Issachar but the Finns were also from the tribe of Issachar. **More than half of New Sweden was from Finland.** This was the tribe of Issachar. Notice on the map how the tribe of Issachar was located below Zebulon. Zebulon were the Dutch and lived in New Netherlands which included lower New York State. Issachar would move under Zebulon and create New Sweden in the area of New Jersey and Delaware.



Pennsylvania were settled by the Quakers

Pennsylvania was originally colonized by Dutch and Swedish settlers; and the former especially brought slaves into the colony. In 1677 a group of prominent Quakers that included Penn purchased the colonial province of West Jersey. This is half of the state of New Jersey. In 1681 Pennsylvania was founded by William Penn. Penn was issued a land grant by King Charles II largely because of a significant debt owed to his father, Admiral Penn. This land included Pennsylvania and Delaware. In 1682, East Jersey was also purchased by Quakers. Philadelphia were settled by many Quakers.

Penn first called the area "New Wales". Pennslvania became a Welsh settlement. In the book, "Welsh Settlers Of Pennsylvania", are found genealogical notes and lineage charts relating to nearly 300 families, in addition to many unmarried persons, who removed from Wales to Pennsylvania, principally between 1682-1700. William Penn succeeded in interesting many of these Welsh Friends, in the New Land in Pennsylvania.

Dr. Thomas Wynn Caorwys, Flintshire, Wales
Dr. Griffeth Owen, of Dolserre Merionethshire
Richard ap Thomas, of Whitford Carne, Flintshire
Dr. Edward Jones, of Bala, Merionethshire
John ap Thomas, of Llaithgwyn, Merionethshire
Hugh Roberto, of Llandvwar, Merionethshire
Thomas Ellis, of Dolscere, Merionethshire
Charles Lloyd, of Dolabran, Merionethshire
Richard Davis, of Welsh Pool, Merionethshire
John ap Evan (Bevan) of Treverigg, Merionethshire
Lewis ap David, (Lewis David) of Landewy, Valfrg, Pembrokeshire.

Penn drafted a charter of liberties for the settlement creating a political utopia guaranteeing free and fair trial by jury, freedom of religion, freedom from unjust imprisonment and free elections.

In the land of Israel the tribes of Levi and Simeon were brothers and always stayed together. We know Simeon went into Wales. So it stands to reason the Levi would also be in Wales. The tribes of Levi and Simeon were to be scattered

through the other tribes. The tribe of Levi was to be the priest family in the land of Israel. They were the religious leaders. This was one of the reasons why the tribe of Levi would not be given a land inheritance. The tribe of Levi would not possess any colony in the New World because they were to be scattered.

Gen 49:7 Cursed be their anger, for it was fierce; and their wrath, for it was cruel: I will divide them in Jacob, and scatter them in Israel.

Like the Levites, the Quakers were a very religious people. It is important to note all indentured servants came to Pennsylvania and the Quakers help them settle in the new world. That is how Philadelphia got its name – the city of "Brotherly Love". The tribe of Levi were the Quakers in Philadelphia.

Germans were the tribe of Gad

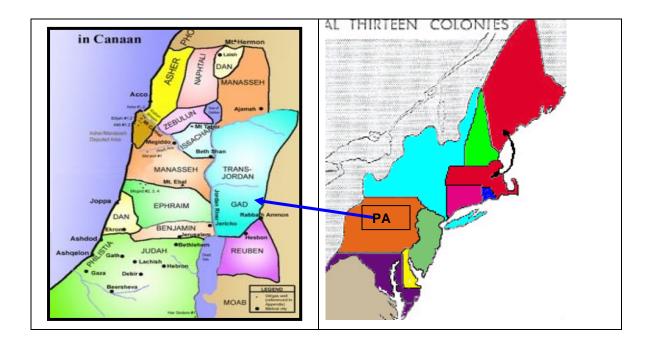
The tribe of Levi would not be the only tribe that would settle in Pennsylvania.

The German would settled there also. The first major emigration of Germans to America resulted in the founding of the Germantown in northwest Philadelphia County.

On October 6, 1683 there was a migration of Germans from the Rhineland. (Germany). In the spring of 1709, Queen Anne granted refuge to about 7,000 Palatines who had sailed the Rhine (Germany) to Rotterdam. From there, about 3,000 were sent to America bound for William Penn's colony. By 1710 there were 3,200 Palatines on 12 ships that sailed for New York. Many of these families would move to Pennsylvania. The Pennsylvania Dutch live primarily in Southeastern and South Central Pennsylvania in the area. The Pennsylvania Dutch are of German descent -- not Dutch. By the time of the American Revolution, the Pennsylvania Dutch made up nearly half the population of Pennsylvania. In 1700's they represented 9% of the population in America. Today they represented more than one fourth of the total population of the U.S. God promised they would multiply rapidly.

Deu 33:20 And of Gad he said, Blessed *be* he that enlargeth Gad: he dwelleth as a lion, and teareth the arm with the crown of the head.

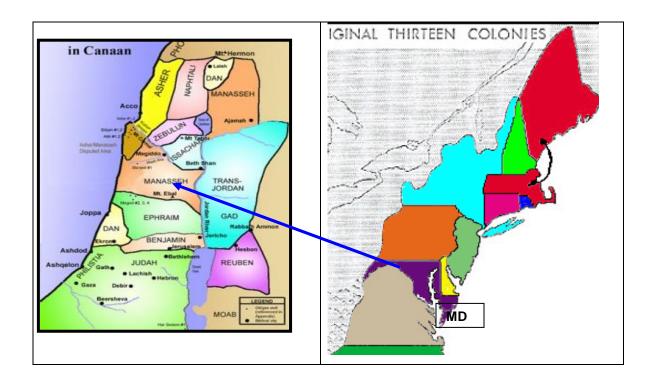
Notice the chart. See the location of the tribe of Gad in the land of Israel. Notice it has the same alignment as the state of Pennsylvania in the 13 colonies. That is where the Germans would settle. The tribe of Gad is the modern day Germans. Eventually the Germans would spread into Maryland and North and Carolina. They would be side by side of Ephraim in Virginia.



Maryland was an English colony

Maryland was established as a English colony. Charles I granted a royal charter for Maryland to Cecil Calvert, Lord Baltimore, in 1632. Many of these settlers were Roman Catholic. They landed on St. Clement's (now Blakistone) Island in 1634. Religious freedom was granted all Christians in the Toleration Act passed by the Maryland assembly in 1649.

Maryland would be an English colony. That would be the tribe of Manessah. The tribe of Manessah would be above the tribe of Ephraim. Maryland sits above the state of Virginia. Virginia would be Ephraim. Ephraim were the British Anglo-Saxon people.

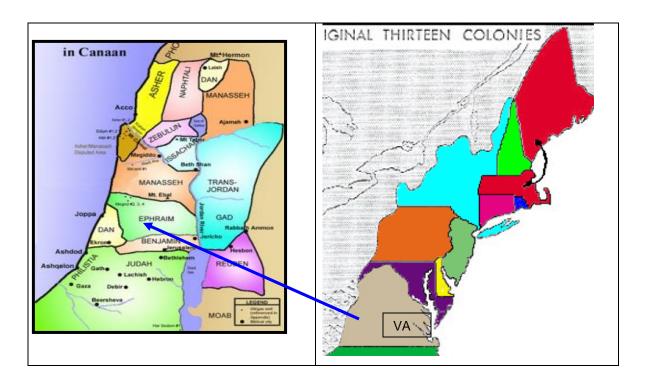


Ephraim- Virginia

Virginia was an English Settlement. Permanent English settlement began in Virginia with Jamestown in 1607 by Capt. John Smith.

In 1606, a group of wealthy London businessmen petitioned King James I for a charter to establish a colony in the New World. They formed the Virginia Company and established a permanent English settlement in the Americas. They had an Anglican Religion.

The tribe of Ephraim was located below Manasseh and next to Gad. The colony of Virginia was below Manessah and near Gad that was Pennsylvania. Now the Germans would work there way into Virginia and North Carolina putting Ephraim side by side with Gad. Ephraim is in the Middle of the 13 colonies and Virginia in the middle of the 13 colonies.



North Carolina were settled by the Scottish Irish

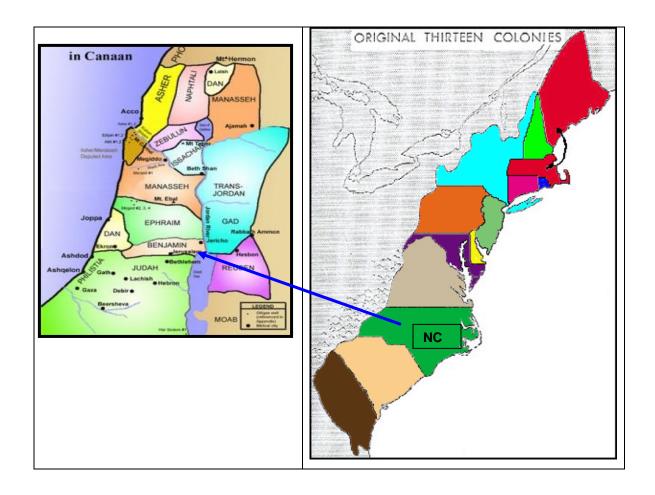
Sir Walter Raleigh tried to establish an English colony in North Carolina but it died out. In 1665, Sir John Yeamans established a second permanent colony in North Carolina on the Cape Fear River near present-day Wilmington. Hawk, a North Carolina historian, says the settlers of North Carolina were from Scotland, Ireland and the West Indies.

Approximately 1.5 million Scots have immigrated to America. Today, the state of North Carolina has more citizens of Scottish ancestry than any other state or country, including Scotland.

Eastern North Carolina was settled chiefly by immigrants from rural England and the Scottish Highlands. The upcountry of western North Carolina was settled chiefly by Scots-Irish, English and Germans. The most predominate tribe were the Scottish Irish. The Scottish Irish was a mixture of both the tribe of Judah and the tribe of Benjanin. Remember Benjamin always stayed with the tribe of Judah throughout their history.

How do we know that the Scottish Irish people were a branch of the tribe of Judah? The history of Ireland was written by Geoffrey Keating. He told the account of how the Milesians came to settle in Ireland. The Milesians originally came from Egypt around 1400 BC and settled in Spain, they eventually came to Ireland. These people were from the tribe of Zarah that was a tribe of Judah. (see attachment three). The Irish King Fergus moved his throne to Scotland in the 5th Century.

Notice how Benjamin is located below Ephraim in the land of Canaan. Benjamin represents North Carolina that was located below Virginia, the tribe of Ephraim.

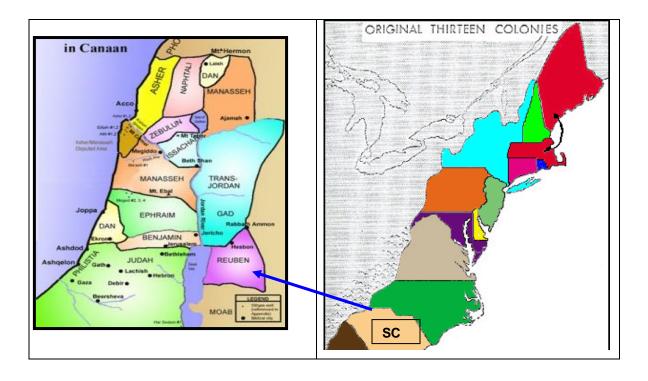


Reuben - Huguenots

In 1562 Capt. Jean Ribault led 150 Huguenots seeking to practice their faith and landed near modern day Jacksonville. They moved North and settled on Parris Island and built fort South Carolina. The Spanish King sent Menéndez to wipe out the colony. He executed Ribault and his Huguenots as heretics at Matanzas Inlet, near St. Augustine.

In 1679, King Charles II sent two shiploads of French Huguenots to South Carolina. Hewitt, in his *History of South Carolina*, says, "In 1690, King William sent a large body of Huguenots to Virginia. Lands were allotted them on the James River. Others purchased land from the Proprietors of Carolina, transported themselves and families to that quarter, and settled a colony on the Santee River [South Carolina]".

Reuben was located in the south part of the land of Israel. The state of South Carolina is the next to last state of the 13 colonies. It was in the southern colonies – it was the second from the last colony. The state of South Carolina was settled by the French Huguenots, the tribe of Reuben.



Georgia – Scottish Highlanders

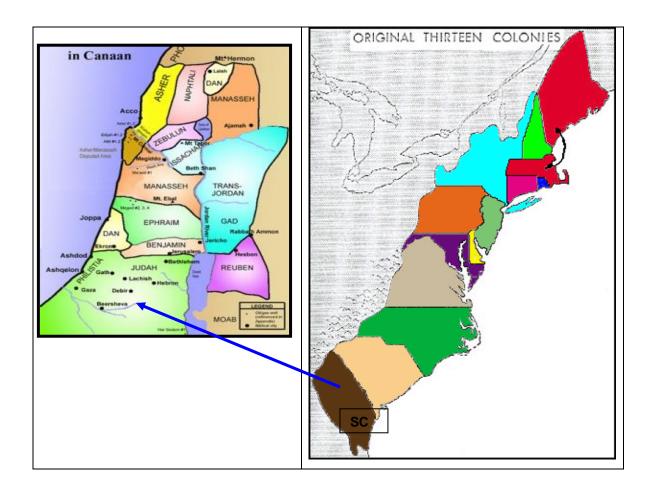
Oglethorpe was chosen governor of Georgia. He traveled to America with thirty-five families, arriving in the spring of 1733.

Wikipedia states "The colonists included many Scots whose pioneering skills greatly assisted the colony, and many of Georgia's new settlers consisted of poor English tradesmen and artisans and religious refugees from Switzerland, France and Germany, as well as a number of Jewish refugees". In 1734 the first religious immigrants arrived in Savannah. The Salzburgers were led by Oglethorpe up the mouth of the Savannah, where they founded the town of Ebenezer.

On October 18, 1735 John Wesley, the founder came as a missionary, and brought a large group of Scottish highlanders. The Scots were among the finest soldiers in the world and had been recruited by General James Oglethorpe to provide a buffer between the English Colony and the Spanish in Florida.

The state of Georgia were originally settled by the Highlanders of Scotland. The Highlanders were the descendants of the Milesians or the Gaels. The Milesians originally came from Egypt around 1400 BC and settled for sometime in Spain, they eventually came to Ireland. These people were from the tribe of Zarah that was a branch of the tribe of Judah. (See Attachment three). Geoffrey Keating wrote the entire history of Ireland. This account is recorded in his writings. The Irish King Fergus moved his throne from the hill of Tara in Ireland to Scotland in the 5th Century.

Notice on the map that the tribe of Judah is the last tribe in the southern part of the land of Israel. It matches up with the colony of Georgia who was originally settled by the Scottish Highlanders. The Scottish Highlanders were also a branch of the tribe of Judah. Also it is important to note that many Jewish people settle in South Florida later in history. Many would be the tribe of Judah.



Where did the immigrants move after they left the 13 colonies?

The original colonies would not stay in their colonies. They were prophesied to move and become a melting pot. However, each tribe would become concentrated in certain georgraphical areas.

Germans -- The Germans were in Maryland, North and South Carolina and



New York, but these numbers were small compared to the population in **Pennsylvania**.

Dans - Danish activity in America before the nineteenth-century traveled to



Pennsylvania, Wisconsin and Lake Michigan.

Swedes -The Swedish initial wave of immigration in the 1840s and 1850s was



directed toward rural areas of **Illinois and Iowa**, especially the Mississippi River valley and Chicago. In the 1860s and 1870s immigration shifted toward **Minnesota and the upper Midwest**, and the Swedish population of Minneapolis grew substantially. In the 1880s rural migration spread to

Kansas, Nebraska, and the Dakotas.

Norwegians -There are more than 4.5 million Norwegian according to the most



recent U.S. census, and most live in the Upper Midwest. The Norwegians settled **upper Midwest -- Illinois, Minnesota.**

French -- French immigrated to Louisiana was restricted to Roman Catholics.



Many came from Nova Scotia and were called the Acadians or the Cajuns.

Irish

The Irish concentration on the Eastern seaboard in New England, New Jersey,



Pennsylvania, and New York.

Huguenots -The Huguenots settled along almost the entire eastern coast of



North America, they showed a preference for what are now the states of Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and South Carolina.

Scottish Irish -- Scot Irish went south into Virginia, the Carolinas and across



the South, with a large concentration in the Appalachian region; others headed west to western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and the Midwest.

Highlanders - They would settle in Georgia.



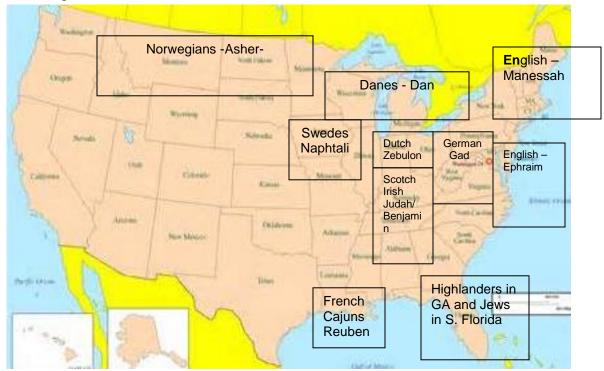
Dutch - They mainly settled down in the Midwest, especially Michigan, Illinois

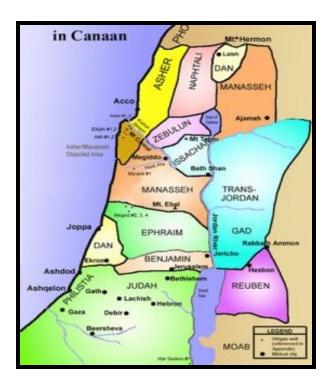


and Iowa. In the 1840s, Calvinist immigrants desiring more religious freedom immigrated. West Michigan in particular has become associated with Dutch American culture, and the highly conservative influence Dutch Reformed Church, centering on the cities of Holland and Grand Rapids.

HIGHEST CONCENTRATIONS OF IMMIGRANTS BY NATIONALITY

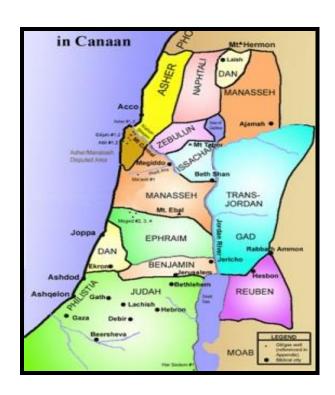






SAME ALIGNMENT IN EUROPE

When the 12 tribes orginally moved into Europe, they also lined up exactly like they did in the land of Israel.. Notice the maps below. The tribes in Europe are lined up exactly in the same place as they were in the Land of Israel. Asher, Naphtali and Dan settled in the Scandinavian Countries. Ephraim, Manessah moved into Britain. Benjamin settled Normandy, Dan also settled in Ireland. Zebulon went to the Netherlands as the Dutch and Issachar were the Swiss. The Serphardic Jews would settle in Spain. Reuben would settle in France. And the tribe of Gad would eventually wine up in Germany. The Serphardic Jews we know moved into Spain. The Jews were expelled from Spain in 1492 by Queen Isabella and King Ferdinand. Eventually during the 7th century the Muslims would settle in Spain as the Moabites, Amnonites and Canaanites. The Moabites (Lot's children) lived to the south of the land of Israel just like they moved into Spain! God planned and still controls today the destiny of these tribes!





ATTACHMENT ONE - PROVE THAT THE ISRAELITES MOVE TO SCYTHIA

According to the Bible, Abraham beget Issac, Issac beget Jacob and Jacob had twelve sons which became the twelve tribes of Israel. These were: Reuben, Shimon, Levi, Judah, Issachar, Zebulun, Dan, Naphtali, Gad, Asher, Joseph, and Benjamin. The Bible teaches that after the death of Solomon, the twelve tribes of Israel were split into two groups of people. Rehoboam was the King over the tribe of Judah and Benjamin and King Jeroboam ruled the other ten tribes. We are told by the Bible that Moses and Joshua lead the twelve tribes of Israel into the land of Canaan.

But is there any historian proof that his occurred? In our modern age, it is chic to believe that the Bible is a book of fables and allegories. But the fact is that many of the stories of the Bible are recorded in history. This chapter will prove that the Israelites of the Bible did exist and the Bible accounts about them are written in history.

ISRAELITES MOVE INTO SCYTHIA

First, we must prove that the Israelites move into the land of Scythia. We know the story of the Israelites.

Israelites Moved Around The Black Sea

In 679 BC the Israelites or the Gemira as they were called, fled to the area around the Black Sea. The Greeks gave the same account but called them the Cimmerians. The Assyrian Empire began to weaken that gave the Israelites a prime opportunity to flee the land of the Medes. The Israelites moved to the area around the Caucasius Mountains. They fought the Urratu.and drove them out and settled the area of Phrygia and Uratu. That is modern day Armenia.

Strabo, the Greek geographer wrote:

"Those Cimmerians . . . often overran the countries on the right of the Pontu (area south of the Black Sea) and those adjacent to them, at one time have invaded Paphlagnia, and at another time." (Strabo 1,111,21)

PROOF THAT ISRAELITES SETTLED ABOVE THE BLACK SEA

Proof 1 - Behistun Inscription



During the reign of Darius the Great a famous inscription was created called the Behistan Stone. It was built off an ancient road connecting the capitals of Babylonia and Media in western Iran. In 1847 Henry Rawlinson scaled the limestone cliff

and copied the inscription off the Behistun Stone. The inscription is approximately 15 meters high by 25 meters wide and 100 meters high up the cliff face. It was significant because it contains the SAME INSCRIPTION written in three languages – Persian, Elam and Babylonian. On the inscription Darius mentions the empires he conquered. The Israelites are mentioned among the captured nations. The Persian word for Israelites was "Saka" but

in the Babylonian language they are called "Gimiri". As a result of the stone we now know that the people we called Gimiri were the same people as the Saka. The Saka in history were the people from Scythia! The inscription connects the people known in Old Persian as Saka, Sacae or Scythian with the people known in Babylonian as Gimirri or Cimmerian.

Saka = Gimirri were the same people.

George Rawlinson, Sir Henry Rawlinson's younger brother, connected the Saka/Gimiri of the Behistun Inscription with deported Israelites:

"We have reasonable grounds for regarding the Gimirri, or Cimmerians, who first appeared on the confines of Assyria and Media in the seventh century BC, and the Sacae of the Behistun Rock, nearly two centuries later, as identical with the Beth-Khumree of Samaria, or the Ten Tribes of the House of Israel."

The Behistan Stone proves that the Israelites were called "Gimiri" by the Babylonians and "Saka" by the Persians. We know that the Saka was the name for the Scythians who lived above the Black Sea.

<u>Proof 2</u> A Medieval Jewish historian named Eldad wrote about the ten tribes at the fall of Samaria. He cited the following:

"The first immigration of [Israelites] into the Trans-Caucasus (supposed to have taken place in the 7th century, B.C, during the reign of the Assyrian kings) is recounted in ancient Armenian and Georgian chronicles. According to these chronicles, [Israel] arrived in these regions as early as the beginning of the 6th century, BCE. The first arrivals were probably free merchants, while the later partly came as captives." (VIII:26)ii "evaded the calamity, going off with their flocks, and turning nomads, and that the chief...whom they appointed could muster 120,000 horse and 100,000 foot."

Elldad said that the Israelites left the land of Israel and were accompanied by an army of 220,000 soldiers. To be escorted by 220,000 soldiers, the escaping Israelites must have numbered well over a million people. The Black Sea region to which they are reputed to have escaped is almost straight north of the old kingdom of Israel.

Proof 3 The ancient Greek historian, Herodotus (*Bk 4*), tells us that the Scythians traveled with their families through the Caucasus Mountains using covered wagons. Note the similarity to the early American pioneers in their covered wagons on the Western frontier. These mountains soared thousands of feet causing some historians to believe that they were impassable. But there was a path through this mountain range called *'Daryal Pass'* sometimes called *"the Pass of Israel"*. Many Europeans throughout history used this mountain passage. iii

<u>Proof 4</u> The book of Esdras describes the journey of the Israelites out of Palestine above the Black Sea. The book of Esdras was one of the original 20 books of the Apocrypha compiled in the Septuagint, the Greek Old Testament, in 250 BC.

"Those are the tribes which were carried away captives out of their own land in the time of Oseas (Hosea) the king, whom Shalmanezer, the king of the Assyrians, took captive, and crossed them beyond the river; so were they brought into another land. But they took counsel to themselves, that they would leave the multitude of the heathen, and go forth into a further country where never man dwelt, that they there might keep their statutes, which they never kept in their own land. And they entered in at the narrow passage of the river Euphrates. For the Most High then showed them signs, and stayed the springs of the flood till they were passed over. For through the country there was a great journey, even of a year and a half, and the same region is called Arsareth (or Ararah). Then dwelt they there until the latter time, and when they come forth again, the Most High shall hold still the springs of the river again, that they may go through.^{iv} (2 Esdras 13)

Also in the Fourth Book of Ezra (xiii. 39-45) it is declared that the Ten Tribes were carried by Hosea, king in the time of Shalmaneser, to the Euphrates, at the narrow passages of the river, whence they went on for a journey of a year and a half to a place called **Arzareth**. "Arzareth" is merely a contraction of "ere aeret," the "other land" into which the Lord says he "will cast them".

<u>Proof 5</u> Josephus, a historian who lived during the first century, recorded that the ten tribes of Israelites lived across the border of the

Euphrates River. He clearly identifies Parthia as the location for the lost ten tribes of Israel. At that time the Euphrates was the border between Parthian and the Roman Empire. In 46 BC the Parthian Empire extended into the land of Israel. But the famous Mark Anthony was responsible for pushing the Parthians out of Palestine and establishing the Euphrates as the border between the Roman Empire and Parthia. It was the peoples of Parthia that lived beyond the Euphrates. For many centuries they controlled that area of Asia Minor. This is the quote from Jospehus:

"The ten tribes are beyond the Euphrates till now, and are on immense multitude and not to be estimated by numbers."

<u>Proof 6</u> The Messiah sent the disciples to the Lost House of Israel. That proves that the Messiah and the Disciples knew exactly where the twelve tribes of Israel were located. They were not in Judea. For the most part, Judea was composed of the tribe of Judah and Benjamin as well as the Edomites.

Mat 10:5 These twelve Jesus sent forth, and commanded them, saying, Go not into the way of the Gentiles, and into *any* city of the Samaritans enter ye not: **Mat 10:6 But go rather to the lost sheep of the house of Israel.**

<u>Proof 7</u> There were many tombstones identifying the Israelites in Scythia. The Universal Jewish Encyclopedia continues,

"tombstones were discovered, dating from the 4th to 5th centuries, one of them bearing an inscription In Aramaic." (VIII:26)

The *Transactions of the Society of Biblical Archaeology* in 1874 states that the there were tombstones found in a Hebrew graveyard in the Crimea. This is north of the Caucasus Mts. and above the Black Sea. One Tombstone reads,

"This is the tombstone of BUKI, the son of Isaac the priest; may his rest be in Eden, at the time of the salvation of Israel. In the year 702 of the years of our exile."

"In Traces of Dispersion", by Terry M. Blodgett, Ensign, February 1994 he states,

"Chwolson and others of the Russian Archaeological Society found more than seven hundred Hebraic inscriptions in the area north of the Black Sea. At the turn of the century, Russian archaeologist Daniel Chwolson noted that a stone mountain ridge running alongside this narrow passage bears the inscription Wrate Israila, which he interpreted to mean 'the gates of Israel. These narrow passages lead through a region called Ararat in Hebrew, and Urartu in Assyrian. Chwolson writes that Arsareth, mentioned in 4 Ezra, was another name for Ararat, a region extending to the northern shores of the Black Sea. A river at the northwest corner of the Black Sea was anciently named Sereth (now Siret), possibly preserving part of the name Arsareth. Since 'ar in Hebrew meant 'city,' it is probable that Arsareth was a city—the city of Sareth—located near the Sereth River northwest of the Black Sea."

Proof 8 The Declaration of Arbroath 1320

For many centuries the European people knew their connection to the land of Israel. The Scottish people received their independence from Britain in 1320 AD. At that time they wrote their own declaration of Independence that is much like our Declaration of Independence. Notice what they wrote:

"Most Holy Father and Lord, we know and from the chronicles and books of the ancients we find that among other famous nations our own, the Scots, has been graced with widespread renown. They journeyed from Greater Scythia by way of the Tyrrhenian Sea and the Pillars of Hercules, and dwelt for a long course of time in Spain among the most savage tribes, but nowhere could they be subdued by any race, however barbarous. Thence they came, twelve hundred years after the people of Israel crossed the Red Sea, to their home in the west where they still live today. . . . ".

Also the Spartans wrote a letter that was recorded in the book of Maccabees stating that they kinsmen of the Jews. The book of I Maccabees14:16-23 records this statement:

"The Chief magistrates and the city of the Spartans send greeting to Simon, the chief priest, and to the elders and the priests and the rest of the Jewish people, our Kinsmen."

The Book, "Sparta", by A.H.M. Jones, a Professor of Ancient History at Cambridge University, noted several things about Sparta. He states the Spartans

worshipped a "great law-giver" who had given them their laws in the "dim past". This law-giver may have been Moses. Professor Jones also noted the Spartans celebrated "the new moons" and the "seventh day" (page 13). Observing new moons was an Israelite calendar custom, and their observance of "a seventh day" could originate with the Sabbath celebration.

PROOF THAT ISRAELITES WERE TAKEN INTO CAPTIVITY BY THE ASSYRIANS.

According to the Bible, the Israelites were taken into Captivity in 721 BC by the Assyrians. Can this be proven using history? If so where did they go?

<u>Proof 1</u> The Assyria historical records show that Assyria took the towns in Gilead and the city of Abelbeth Maacahon.

In 721 BC the ten northern tribes of Israel fell to the Assyrians. The Assyrians recorded that event in their historical accounts. Notice the quote from the Annals of Assyria, King Tiglath-pileser III, King of Assyria states:

"The cities of Gilead and Abel-beth-maacahon the borders of the land of Khumri, and the widespread land of Hazael to its whole extent, I brought within the territory of Assyria."

This is exactly the SAME TOWNS THE BIBLE MENTIONED. That is exactly what the Bible says happened.

The Bible tells us the Northern Tribes were captived by the Assyrians and brought to Habor on the Gozan River in the land of the Medes.

2Ki 17:6 In the ninth year of Hoshea the king of Assyria took Samaria, and carried Israel away into Assyria, and placed them in Halah and in Habor by the river of Gozan, and in the cities of the Medes.

The Bible tells us the Assyrians captured the towns of Gilead, Ablebethmaachah, Janoah, Kadesh and Habor.

2Ki_15:29 In the days of Pekah king of Israel came Tiglathpileser king of Assyria, and took Ijon, and Abelbethmaachah, and Janoah, and Kedesh, and Hazor, and Gilead, and Galilee, all the land of Naphtali, and carried them captive to Assyria.

<u>Proof 2</u> Sargon II (722-705 BC) also makes mention of the "Khumri" in his record of the capture of Samaria. He refers to himself as the conqueror of "Bit-Khumri." meaning "house of Khumri".

The Israelites lived the area called Gamir in Assyria according to Van, A.H.



Sayce. He also interpreted the cuniforms in 1882. The people of Urartu attacked the land of Gamir. In around 707 B.C, a people known as "Gimira" lived among the Mannai. Their territory

was only a few miles from the Medes, in the very areas where the Scriptures state the northern ten-tribes Kingdom of Israel had been placed.

The obvious observation is that the Israelites living in the land of Assyria were used as a buffer region for Assyria. The nations would have to come through the land of Gamir to reach the rest of the inhabitants of Assyria. These Israelites fought for the King of Assyria. Sennacharib to King Sargon:

When he (King of Urartu) went to the land of Gamir, his army (met) with a debacle. Three of his officers, together with their troops, were slain. He himself escaped (and) entered his own land. His camp has not yet been attacked."

To summarize, after the reign of Sargon II (721-705 BC) that name Khumbi is never mentioned again. It is further noted that the Assyrian name "Gamira" is translated into "Cimmerian." (Prof. Leroy Waterman – Royal Correspondence of the Assyrian Empire - published by University of Michigan, 1930) The two words are pronounced the same!!

Wikipedia states, "Cimmerians"

"The first historical record of the Cimmerians appears in Assyrian annals in the year 714 BC. These describe how a people termed the Gimirri helped the forces of Sargon II to defeat the kingdom of Urartu. Their original homeland, called Gamir or Uishdish, seems to have been located within the buffer state of Mannae. The later geographer Ptolemy placed the Cimmerian city of Gomara in this region. After their conquests of Colchis and Iberia in the First Millennium BC, the Cimmerians also came to be known as Gimirri in Georgian.."

Caucasian People

We know that the Europeans were Caucasian people. Webster World Dictionary defines Caucasians as "the white race". We get the word "Caucasian" came from the Caucasus Mountains located in European near the Black Sea. We will proof later that the original European tribes migrated from the Black Sea region hence we get the name Caucasian. The people who lived in the region around the Caucasus Mountains were white fair-complexed people. We also know that Europeans were a Semitic people. Where do we get the word "Semitic"?

According to Wikipedia,

"The concept of "Semitic" peoples is derived from Biblical accounts of the origins of the cultures known to the <u>ancient Hebrews</u>. Those closest to them in culture and language were generally deemed to be descended from their forefather **Shem**."

It comes from the peoples of Shem which are recorded in the Bible. Shem was one of the three sons of Noah. These were the earliest descendants of the Hebrews. Below are his descendants:

Gen 10:22 The children of Shem; Elam, and Asshur, and Arphaxad, and Lud, and Aram .

Who were our Earliest Forefathers?

We tend to look at our history from the onset of the American Revolution but our history began thousands of years before the founding of America. It is now time to discuss who were our earliest forefathers. We know from earlier chapters our American forefathers descended from the Germanic Tribes. We have established that the Germanic Tribes came from Scythia and Parthia. But who were the Parthians and Scythians? What is their origin?

We know all roads lead back to the Middle East and that is why it was called the "Cradle of Civilization". Therefore, the Europeans must have originated out of the Mesopotamia region. This chapter will trace the original peoples from the Middle East to their settlements in Parthia and Scythia. Much of this research on

both Scythia and Parthia can be credited to Dr. Steven Collins in from his book "The lost ten Tribes of Israel Found".

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Their language originated from the Palestine region. They used an Aramaic language which originated from Syria and Palestine region where they were located.

Ency. Britannia,

"The alphabet in use in Persia at least from the time of Arsacid Dynasty onwards are based upon Aramaic ... the earliest records of Aramaic go back to about 800 BC and were found . In Northern Syria .. Other development of the Aramaic are modern Hebrew."

As we discussed in the previous chapters, by the third century, and endless stream of tribes spilled out of Asia into Europe.

Ency. Britannica states,

"The main movement from Asia into Europe which went north of the Caucasus was in early times that of the Scythians." viii

Jordanes describes how the Goths (another name of the Scythians) settled Europe,

"The Goths . . . and some other kindred people united into one great body, first wandered ... through what is now Western Russia, till they came to the shores of the Black Sea and the sea of Azor and then spread themselves westward to the North bank of the Danube". ix

ATTACHMENT TWO

THE GERMANIC TRIBES IN HISTORY

We know the the EARLIEST SETTLERS IN AMERICAN WERE FROM WESTERN EUROPE, BRITAIN AND SCOTLAND. THOSE PEOPLE IN HISTORY WERE CALLED THE GERMAINIC TRIBES.

Now according to historians, we know that the main migration into Western Europe were the ScythiansEncy. Britannica states,

"The main movement from Asia into Europe which went north of the Caucasus was in early times that of the Scythians." *

In this chapter we intend to prove that the twelve tribes of Israel WENT INTO EUROPE. We also want to identify those twelve tribes in Europe. In order to know where the tribes are today we will need to track them through history. Since we have established that the Germanic tribes came from Scythia, the next step is to identify their tribe. The research in this chapter is based on <u>identifying the characteristics of these tribes listed in the Bible and matching them with Germanic Tribes</u>. Lets start with Gad.

Who was Gad?

We will start with the tribe of Gad first. We are told in scripture the Reuben, Simeon and Gad would be together on the south side of the Camp of Israel. (Num 2:10-14). These tribes moved and received their land inheritance in ancient Israel, Gad and Reuben was assigned to the land on the east side of the Jordan River. (Num 32:2-5)

Num 32:2 The children of Gad and the children of Reuben came and spake unto Moses, and to Eleazar the priest, and unto the princes of the congregation, saying, Num 32:5 Wherefore, said they, if we have found grace in thy sight, let this land be given unto thy servants for a possession, and bring us not over Jordan.

Gad's mother was Zilpah and was her first born son. Gad – means "A troop comes".

Gen 30:10 And Zilpah Leah's maid bare Jacob a son.
Gen 30:11 And Leah said, **A troop cometh:** and she called his name Gad.

Notice that God gave Leah the understanding to know her son's destiny.



God probably revealed that to her. She foretold that Gad would become a mighty war-like tribe. She called him "troop". His symbol would be a helmet or soldier on a horse.

Who was the tribe of Gad in history? The Goths

The Goths lived in the area around the Black Sea and had lived there since their exile from the land of Israel. This was the area that the Scythians had lived for centuries. We know that this was where the twelve tribes of Israel originally settled after the fall of the Northern tribes of Israel in 721 BC. Originally they were simple farmers by trade not warriors.

They had been warned by the prophet Jeremiah to repent and return back to their heavenly Father. As a result of their continual stiff neck, destruction came on them suddenly. The Goths were pushed out of their land by the Hun invasion from the East. In the third century, the Goths crossed moved under the Danube River as refugees.

They asked Roman Emperor Valens for asylum and Rome agreed in return for their services in the Emperor's army. The Romans selected whom they wanted; not all of the Goths were allowed to enter the Roman territory. They were assigned to refugee or consecration camps. The Romans treated the Goths cruelly and did not give the Goths enough food. The Goths were literally starving to death and conditions were so bad that they were forced to sell their children into slavery just to get food. One historian explains how they literally sold their children for dog meat. While they were under Roman rule, the Goths began to repent and return to God. As a result of their repentance God would use them mightily!

Originally their weapons were taken away when they crossed into Roman territory but some of the Goths hid their weapons. In their outrage against their cruel treatment by the Romans, they organized and attacked Marcusaople, a township near their camps. It was a massive slaughter. Starving and desperate, they attacked village after village leaving them ravaged and burning many to the ground. They eventually ravaged the Balkan Peninsula and Anatolia as far as Cyprus, and sacked Athens, Byzantium, and Sparta. At that time, the Spartans were one of the most powerful military forces in history but the Goths had no trouble defeating them!

In 378 AD Emperor Valens could no longer ignore the Gothic invasion. He marches his troops to Ariansople (modern day Turkey) to face the Goths. The Goths were numbered at 40,000. Valens underestimated the number of Goths. The Goths easily surrounded the Roman Army and killed two thirds of the Romans army. It was the greatest Roman military disaster in 400 years. Valens died and his body was never found.

The new Emperor, Theodosius, gave them land along what is now known as Bulgaria. In return they agreed to serve in the Roman Army. The Roman Army used them as disposable troops. They were first sent into the battle and large numbers of the Goths died protecting the Roman territory. God saw the injustice, and he rose up a mighty leader named Alaric. Alaric would be a name Rome would come to fear. Many of the Goths actually compared him to Moses. Alaric felt their time has come. The Goths had been trained in the Roman military tactics; they were now a well-disciplined military army. He attacks Greece in 395 AD. In 408 Alaric works his way across Italy. He was backup by the Franks and Vandals from the North who were their brothers. In August 24 410AD Alaric marched into Rome and sacked the city. This would be the tribe that would bring down the mighty Roman Empire. They entered the empire as mire peasants and took down one of the greatest powers the world has

ever known. The mighty city of Rome would fall to the tribe of Gad!!! This was Gad's destiny! That is why he was named "troop". Notice the fulfillment of the prophecy below:

Gen49:19 Gad, a troop (the Huns) shall overcome him: but he shall overcome at the last (fall of Rome).

Deu 33:20 And of Gad he said, Blessed be he that enlargeth Gad: he dwelleth as a lion, and teareth the arm with the crown of the head.

Eventually the Goths would move into Spain and part of Gaul. During the time of King David, some of the tribe of Gad settled in Spain. They resettled into the original homeland founded almost a thousand years earlier by their ancestors. From that point they would be known as the Visigoths. In 507 AD, the Visigoths lost an important battle to the Franks under Clovis, and had to give up much of their territory in southern France. The Iberian Visigoths continued to keep the Arian religion until 589 AD. Remember the Arian religion was a Bible-keeping sect. In 589 AD the Visigoth King Reccared converted his people to Catholicism; leaving their Arian faith would be their downfall. They were pushed north by the Muslim invasion in 71 1AD. Eventually, in 968 AD the region was split into three separate kingdoms. The Franks had no trouble in taking these divided kingdoms between 1035 and 1060.

The tribe of Gad is also identified with the Huguenots. After the Visigoths fell to the Muslims in 711 AD, many Goths fled into Southern Gaul. There they lived with their brother Reuben also known as the Franks. They would always live near their brother Reuben through their history. After 1685 about 400,000 Huguenots emigrated to Prussia, Holland, Britain, Switzerland, and North America. The Goths were also to be found among the northern tribes who invaded England with the Anglo-Saxons and was known as the GEDDINGAS. They were also associated with the so-called Nordic peoples. Goths settled in many lands remained concentrated in

Scandinavia and Sweden (Gotaland and Gothia) is the only place where today they can be distinguished as a specific people.

Who is Reuben?

Reuben's Mother was Leah. He was the firstborn son of Leah and Jacob. Reuben means "Seeing". He lost the firstborn birthright by sleeping with his father's wife. His symbol is water and the face of a man.



Gen 49:4 **Unstable as water**, thou shalt not excel; because thou wentest up to thy father's bed; then defiledst thou it: he went up to my couch.

Gen_29:32 And Leah conceived, and bare a son, and she called his name Reuben: for she said, Surely the LORD hath looked upon my affliction; now therefore my husband will love me. my strength, the excellency of dignity, and the excellency of power:

Who is Reuben in History? The Franks

The Franks came across out of Germany in huge numbers and penetrated the eastern boundary of Gaul. Gaul included France, Italy, Belgium, Netherlands, and part of Germany. In 355 AD they made settlements in what is known today

as Belgium and the Netherlands. At that time it was called Toxandria.

They seized the territory left by the retreating Romans in Northern Gaul. They allied with the Roman Empire and other Germanic tribes such as the Visigoths to stop Attila the Hun. Their leader during the Hun invasion was Merovich, the father of the Merovingian Dynasty. This great dynasty would see great leaders such as Charlemagne. The Merovingian Dynasty was called the long- hair dynasty because all the Emperors had long hair. They felt that the long hair would give them

strength and power! This would tie them to the story of Samson in scriptures.

After Merovich died, his son Chideric would succeed him. Chideric beat back the Visigoths to take Southern Gaul. Childeric was stripped of his kingship and sent back to Germany because he was a womanizer. He thought being king gave him the right to take other man's wives and daughters. Does that sound like Reuben? This was exactly what Reuben did. During his absence from the throne, the Franks did not fair well — they began falling back into Roman hands. The Franks eventually had to ask Chideric to return home and after his return the people regained a large portion of Gaul.

Chideric left his throne to his son, Clovis. Clovis united all of Gaul under the Franks – that took him thirty years. He established Paris as his capitol. He was responsible for bring Catholicism into France. Clovis married a Catholic queen from the tribe of the Burgundrians who turned his heart toward the Catholic faith. Since that timeframe, the country of France has remained predominately Catholic. The Franks would fulfill their destiny and hold considerable power and influence throughout Europe for many centuries.

Gen_29:32 And Leah conceived, and bare a son, and she called his name Reuben: for she said, Surely the LORD hath looked upon my affliction; now therefore my husband will love me. my strength, the excellency of dignity, and the excellency of power:

It is important to note that their original Germanic homeland was called Saxony and it has the symbol of Water on their Coat of Arms. Notice the symbol for water in the North Rhine, Germany Coat of Arms.



Location today: France, Germany

Who was Simeon?



Simeon means "Hearing". He was the second born of Leah. He was left as hostage in Egypt



when the brothers went back to Canaan with orders to return with Benjamin.

Who was Simeon in history? The Lombards

The tribe of Simeon was to be a very cruel and violent people just like the Lombards. As mentioned earlier they were the children of Leah.

Gen 49:5 Simeon and Levi are brethren; **instruments of cruelt**y are in their habitations.

The Lombards came out of Germany where they have lived since before the first century. They were the most fierce and blood-thirsty of all the Germanic Tribes. They were the tribe of Simeon. They were also known as the Spartans in earlier history. They migrated south into the land of Pannonia that was modern day Hungary and Austria. By this time, Rome was no longer ruled from Western Europe. What is left of the Roman Empire was being ruled from Constantiople in Turkey.

The Roman Emperor Justinian hired the Lombards as mercenaries for Rome to retake Italy. The conquest turned into a blood bath. The Romans were so disgusted and outraged by the tactics of the Lombards that they stopped the campaign and sent the Lombards home. After that campaign, the Lombards realized that Italy was theirs for the taking. In 568 AD the decision was made to attack Italy. Italy had been struck by a plague and were in a weaken condition. Elbowen shows no mercy to the survivors. Italy would fall to Elbowen after a three-year seige resulting in the acquisition of Northern Italy. Southern Italy still remains in the hands of the Byzantium Empire. Elbowen made Italy his capitol and homeland.

The people to the east of the Lombards were the Gepids. The Gepids were sandwiched between the Lombards and the Avars. The Lombards crushed the Gepids. It was a practice among ancient tribes to take the head of the king as a trophy of war. Culemon, the king of Gepids, head was fashioned into a drinking cup. Elbowen also took the Gepids' princess as his wife,

princess Roseama. Elbowen gave a banquet and brought the cup with Culemon's head to his new wife Roseama and she was outraged!! Elbown wife, Rosema seeking vengance, hired an assassin to kill Elbowen. When the assassin came into the king's chambers, the king was powerless to defend himself because Rosema had tied his sword to his bed. Rosema carried off the majority of Elbowen's treasure and fled to Ravenna in southern Italy. The Byzantine King in Ravenna proposes marriage to Rosema hoping to unite the two kingdoms and bring Italy under Byzantine control. The plan failed. Rosema, in an attempt to poison her lover, became the victim instead.

The Lombards soon moved their forces into southern Italy and wreaked havoc on the land. The Byzantine Emperor has no choice but to relinquished southern Italy to the Lombards. The king divides the lands into clans or Duchies.

The Lombards began fighting among themselves leading to a civil war. One of the main points of contention was support for the Catholic Church. Southern Italy supported the Catholic Church. During the civic war, Airpert became their new leader. Aripert was known for his cruelty. He mutilated one of the duchies families leaving a young child name Lukebrad. In 712 AD once grown and seeking revenge, Lukebrad raised an army to defeat Aripert. Aripert fled in battle and drowned crossing a near-by river. Lukebrad seized Aripert's throne and finally brought order to the Lombard's society.

In 726 the Byzantium Emperor, Leo III made a decree to destroy all images in all Catholic churches. This outraged Pope Gregory. Southern Lombards were the supporters of the Pope. In 740 AD Lukebrad had no choice but to go to war against his own people in southern Italy because they had allied with Rome. There was an attempt to unseat the pope. The pope sent for help from the King of the Franks, Charlemagne. In 773 AD Charlemagne brought troops into Italy and conquered the Lombards. It

took less than one year to conquer Italy. Thus fulfilling the following prophecy about Simeon. He would lose his homeland because of his cruelty. That is exactly what happened to the Lombards.

Gen 49:7 Cursed be their anger, for it was fierce; and their wrath, for it was cruel: I will divide them in Jacob, and scatter them in Israel.

Location Today: He is divided among the people in many lands. The lands where he settled would have sword on their Coat of Arms.

Who is the tribe of Dan?



Dan, Naphtali and Asher were assigned to be together in the ancient land of Israel. They were located on the North Side of the Camp of Israel. Dan would pitch on the North, with Asher and Naphtali. The Eagle was the Symbol for all three tribes.

Dan would pitch on the North, with Asher and Naphtali. The mother of Dan was Bilhah who also bore Nephtali. Dan and Nephtali are often linked with each other. We identify Napthtali with Norway and Dan with Denmark.

Gen 49:16 Dan shall judge his people, as one of the tribes of Israel. Gen 49:17 Dan shall be **a serpent by the way**, an adder in the path, that biteth the horse heels, so that his rider shall fall backward. Gen 49:18 "I wait for your deliverance, LORD.

Dan means "God is Judge". Dan shall be a serpent by the way, an adder

in the path." (Gen 49:17 also Amos 8:14). Dan's symbols were a lion, eagle, snake, dragon, white horse and a Griffin. The serpent was the primary symbol of Dan, but the white horse was its secondary symbol. The horse, usually pictured as being white. A white horse appears on the shield in the Lower Saxony, Germany Coat of Arms.

History of Dan

In the land of Israel, the tribe of Dan received an inheritance around the area of Joppa but the Amorites forced Dan into the Mountains. Most of the inheritance of Dan in the south was to be lost to the Amorites and Philistines and later regained by the Israelite tribes of Ephraim. (Judges 2:34 35). The Bible says that Danites from the south conquered a place called Leshem (Joshua 19). They did the same with another place called Laish (Judges 18).

Dan was the first tribe associated with Idol worship. They were the ones who introduced idols to the rest of the tribes.

"The six hundred Danites, armed for battle, stood at the entrance to the gate. When the men went into Milcah's house and took the carved image, the ephod, the other household gods, and the cast idol, the priest said to them, 'What are you doing?' They answered him, 'Be quiet! Don't say a word! Come with us and be OUR FATHER AND PRIEST. Isn't it better that you serve a tribe and clan in Israel as priest rather than just one man's household?' Then the priest was glad" (Jud. 1:16-20). Jdg 18:11 -20

They are missing from the book of Revelation. The fact that Dan is left out of the 144,000 of the tribes of Israel listed in Revelation 7 does not mean they will not be saved. Rather, it just means their salvation was "delayed." Gen 49:18 "I wait for your deliverance, LORD". Dan introduced idolatry to the rest of the tribes of Israel. God is holding them responsible for introducing Idols to the other tribes.

Amo 8:14 Those who swear by the idols of Samaria, who say, 'By the god of Dan' or 'By the god of Beersheba'—those people will fall and not rise again."

Because they were so steeped in idolatry, they will not be part of the firstfruits mentioned in Rev. 7. However, they will be saved.

Rom 11:26 And so **all Israel shall be saved:** as it is written, There shall come out of Sion the Deliverer, and shall turn away ungodliness from Jacob

Dan in Ships and in Greece

"Why did DAN remain in ships?" (Judges 6:7) There is an inscription that links Dan with both Dor and Jaffo off the coast of Israel and thus with the Sea Peoples. The Sea People were responsible for the fall of Troy. Also we know they traveled to purchase iron ores. Dan and Yavan from Uzzal were involved in iron manufacturing, they were amongst your guarantors" (Ezekiel 27:19).

The Son of Samson was credited for conquering Greece. Apparently Samson had a child by a slave girl. According to Herodotus, the Heraclidae (Sons of Hercules or Samson) who led the Dorian invasion of Greece, believed themselves descended from Hercules and a slave girl named JARDANUS (Herodotus 1;7). Dan is associated with Greece Mythology. Apollo was originally a Hittite thunder god who in Greek Mythology fathered Mopsus The mother of Mopsus in mythology was called Daphne according to Josephus. Dan's settlement was near Galilee. It was on this spot that King Jeroboam set up one of his golden calves for the Ten Tribes to worship. We covered some of this information in Chapter four.

Wandering of Dan

Everywhere the tribe of Dan went they left his mark. He named Denmark after himself (Mark of Dan) and also many of the rivers in Europe are named after the tribe of Dan such as the Blue Danube, Don and the Dneipter. The prophet Jeremiah instructed the Israelites to leave markers (monuments) and symbols so they could be identified in future generations and that is exactly what they did! They symbols showed up on many of the Coat of Arms in the nations of Europe!!

"Is not Ephraim my dear son, the child in whom I delight? Though I often speak against him, I still remember him. Therefore my heart yearns for him, declares **the LORD. SET UP ROAD SIGNS, PUT UP GUIDEPOSTS**. Take note of the highway, the road that you take. RETURN, O Virgin Israel, return to your towns. How long will you WANDER, O unfaithful daughter?" (Jer. 31:20-22, NIV).

Dan's History of Ireland

After leaving Greece, the tribe of Dan sailed to Ireland and established a colony. They were called Tuathe De Danaan and they are well-known in Irish history!!! xi

In 1630 Charles I came to power. In the 1630s, the Scottish Presbyterians staged a rebellion against Charles I for trying to impose Anglicanism. The English Parliament under Oliver Cromwell re-conquered Ireland from the Catholic Confederates in 1653. The wars eliminated the last major Catholic landowners in Ulster, a province in Ireland.

The Irish fled to America to escape genocide perpetuated by the hands of the English. What is commonly called the Irish Famine and was the direct result of a policy limiting what the Irish were allowed to own and eat. When a potato blight struck, many in Europe began to want for food. The English confiscated all food supplies from the Irish countryside in order to supply food for England. The most reliable estimates put the death toll at 5 to 6 million persons. The people who migrated to America before 1845 were mainly Scottish. The Irish did not migrate until the Potato Famine of 1845. The Irish men were put into forced labor at King's Plantation. The English raped Many Irish women. In their earliest history in America, they came not as indentured servants but as actual "white slaves". Many of the Irish children were sold into slavery and taken to the Caribbean. Later in history they were forced to live in Ghettos in early American history. They were given the worse jobs and were not allowed to mix with the general public. This treatment was a result of their Catholic faith. The Irish Americans worked very hard and became very successful in business. Later the Irish would dominate much of the American Police Force. They are an example of the truth American success story. The Irish rose from poverty to become a very successful people.

Who is Naphtali?

Naphtali was the sixth son. His mother was Bilhah, maidservant of Rachel. Dan was his full-brother. Naphtali and Dan are often found together and



share some attributes with each other. Naphtali means Wrestling". Wrestling was what Jacob did prior to receiving the new name of Israel.

The well-known city of Tiberias by the shores of the Sea of Galilee is in the territory of Naphtali. The symbol of Naphtali was "A hind let loose" (Genesis 49;21) and a deer or stag was used as a royal symbol by the Kings of Scandinavia especially Sweden. The symbol of Naphtali in Hebrew was an "ayalah" a female deer, a doe or hind (Genesis 49:21). The Swedish Coat of Arms today is a Deer! We identified Naphtali with Norway and Sweden although groups from Naphtali were also to be found elsewhere. Norway was known as Thule. The word "Thuls" means Speaker.

Gen 49:21 Naphtali is a hind let loose: he giveth goodly words.

History Of Naphtali

IT IS AMAZING THAT Naphtali retained its exact Israelite name. He was called the Naphtalites in History. The spelling is the same. Naphtali is the only tribe that kept their original name. They were known as the Nephtalites in history. According to Yair Davies from his book called "The Tribes", the Naphtali were also known as White Huns, Cadussi, Thyssagetae, Little Goths, and other names. Herodotus called these people called Thyssagetae and they were located in northern Scythia in the Urals region. The Chinese described them with blue eyes and fair-haired. The Cadussi (or Kadussi) were also referred to as Nephtalites or Hephthalites. They later would be called the White Huns in history!!

Ency Britannica states "Hephthalite",

Hephthalite, also spelled Ephthalite, member of a people important in the history of India and Persiaduring the 5th and 6th centuries CE. **Elsewhere they were called White Huns** or Hunas.

According to Procopius's History of the Wars, written in the 6th century the Hephthalites "are of the stock of the Huns in fact as well as in name:



however they do not mingle with any of the Huns known to us. They are the only ones among the Huns who have white

bodies...." The Hephthalites entered Kabul and overthrew Kushan in present day is Pakistan. They moved into Bactria and eventually worked their way into Persia. After a series of wars between503–513, they were driven out of Persia, were defeated by Khosru I. In Scythia, Naphtalites and Danites had been recorded together. In 500 AD they became part of the Vikings of Scandinavia. There was a large influx of Danes into Denmark at the same time period.

After they were defeated in Asia Minor. They tracked North and went to Norway. Norway means North way. The first wave of the White Huns, with the Danes settled in Norway and Denmark. The latter White Huns settled in Sweden.

According to Orjan Svennson, he river that has marked the border between Norway and Russian is called Granse Jakobs Elv which means "Jacobs"

IS THERE ANY HISTORIICAL PROOF THAT THEY MOVED NORTHWARD?

IN A ANCIENT BOOK CALLLED THE Heimskringla THE HISTORIAN SNORRE describes that the Norsemen trekked to the North from beyond the Caucasus Mountains, being led by a chieftain-priest called Odin, and that the Norsemen originally lived in "Turkland" and in "Asia" (Asia Minor) beyond the Caucasus MountainsAccording to Book of Jasher, Naphtali and Gad went to Haran, and they each took a wife from the family of Nahor, Abraham's brother. Also Bilah, Naphtali's mother and Zipla were sisters and their father was a slave in the household of Nabor. He was among Abraham's kinsmen.

border river".

Location today: Sweden and Norway

Who is the tribe of Asher?

Asher was the second born of Zilpah. Asher means "Blessed". The blessing of Moses said of him: "...Let him dip his foot in oil". Asher would be known for their food.



Gen 49:20 Out of Asher his bread shall be fat, and he shall yield royal dainties. Deu 33:24 And of Asher he said, *Let* Asher *be* blessed with children; let him be acceptable to his brethren, and let him dip his foot in oil.

Vandals

Procopius Gibbon, "The Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire", ch.5

"A striking resemblance of manners, complexion, religion, and language seemed to indicate that the **Vandals and Goths were originally one great people.**

The historian Procopius reported that the Vandals had come from the Sea of Azov area just north of the Black Sea by the River Don. The Vandals in the first century AD had been known as Lygians or Lugii. *ii This culture had originated in the Scythian area. They were located east of the Vistula in present-day Poland near the Burgundians. Pliny (N.H. 4; 14) said that the VANDALS were a federation composed of the Vandili, Varini, Goths, and Burgundians. The Burgundians were to settle in France and Switzerland and came from Swedish isle of Bornholm. The Burgundians may have descended from Beriah, who was a son of Asher. *iii

History of the Vandals

The Vandals first moved into Spain in the early third Century. In 429 AD the Vandals, under their king Geiseric, crossed the Straits of Gibraltar into North Africa. From North Africa the Vandals raided and plundered the city of Rome in 445 AD. In the Land of Israel the tribe of Asher were given the

area around the city of Sidon (Joshua 19:28), the famous Phoencian city. The people of Asher were returning to their original homeland! When they came to North Africa, they cleaned up the entire region. They were a Christian people; they shutdown houses of prostitution and wiped out crime.

In 533 AD the Byzantines crushed what was left of their African kingdom although most had already migrated out of Africa by that time. After their defeat, Procopius records that the Vandals took ship and sailed away. They moved to Ireland and later into Britain. Geoffrey of Monmouth recorded that 160,000 Africans from Ireland joined the Saxons to invade Britain. These Africans were the Vandals and related tribes with them.

A tradition states that in their raid on Rome the Vandals seized treasures taken from the Temple in Jerusalem. The Romans took these treasurers when they destroyed Jerusalem in 66 AD. Later the treasures were retaken by the Byzantines and may have been liberated again later by the Goths. It is possible that some of the Temple treasures went with the Vandals to Ireland and then to Britain.

Location today: France, Southern Scotland and Northern Wales

We have identified Asher lower Scotland and northern Wales. The lowland Scots and the northern Wales may be considered almost the same people. The northern Welsh are fair-complexioned people whereas those of the south are darker.

Who is Benjamin? The Vikings

Originally all of Rachel's children would settle in the area of Scandinavia and would work their way into the area around Britain at a later point in history. The children of Leah would settle on the mainland of Europe.

Benjamin was the youngest son of Jacob and Rachel, and the only full brother of Joseph. He was the brother of Joseph, but throughout history was closely connected with the people of Judah. The name Benjamin means "son of my right hand". The Norwegians, who is the modern day Benjamin, created the Oslo Accords of 1993. It was a famous peace agreement between the Israelis and the Palestinians. This shows their willingness to support their brother Judah. Also when Joseph asked for Benjamin to be brought to Egypt, it was Judah who intervened. Much of Benjamin went with the Southern Kingdom, after the dispersion of the Ten Tribes to the north.

Symbol of the Wolf

A wolf was the symbol of Benjamin. The Coat of Arms of Norway has a

wolf on it!! William the Conqueror bore a wolf on his standard. Godfroi de Bouillon, Crusader King of Jerusalem, claimed descent from Benjamin. Scriptures tell us the following about Benjamin:

"Benjamin shall be as a ravening wolf; in the morning he shall devour the prey, and at night he shall divide the spoil" (Gen.49:27).

Mighty Warriors

The tribe of Benjamin were fierce warriors. In scripture Benjamin refused to turn over some sinful men to be prosecuted and punished. This led to a war between the combined tribes against Benjamin. Although Benjamin was outnumbered 400,000 to 26,700, they won the first two battles. The tribe of Benjamin was fierce warriors. The Israelite tribes had to fast and obtain God's divine help to defeat the Benjaminites. At the end of this needless war, the entire tribe of Benjamin was reduced to only 600 men. The remainder was allowed to snatch a wife from among the dancing young women. This is the account from scripture in Judges 20:1-12.

Jewish Medieval tradition said that the Tribe of Benjamin had gone into exile to the Balkan region. From the Balkans emerged the Dacae, who were part of the Scythians. The Dacae were together with the Getae They originated in north Germany according to Julian. The Normans moved into Scandinavia and dwelt in parts of Norway and Denmark before moving onward.

Viking Raids

Benjamin was also the Vikings in History. It is also important to note that the Vikings were eight hundred years ahead of their time in sword-making. Their method of the sword making can't be duplicated today — it is a lost art. Benjamin was the only son of Jacob who did not bow down to Esau when the family was returning to the land of Canaan because he was not born at that time. The kingdom of Rome is known as the Kingdom of Esau. The Bible tells us that the Israelites would go to war with Amalek every generation. Amalek was the son of Esau.

Exo_17:16 For he said, Because the LORD hath sworn that the LORD will have war with Amalek from generation to generation.

The Israelites and Germanic tribes have gone to war with Rome every generation just as the Bible predicted. ROME NEVER HAD CONTROL OVER THE SCANDINVANIAN COUNTRIES ESPECIALLY NORWAY, THE HOMELAND OF BENJAMIN! Benjamin was the only son who did not bow to Esau on their way back to the land of Canaan. He would not come under the control of the Rome.

The Viking Age began as a result of certain actions by Charlemagne, the king of France. In year 772 AD, Charlemagne chopped down Irminsûl, the holy tree of the Saxons and assassinated approximately 5,000 Saxon noblemen. This was their national monument. This was the event that started the Viking Age. In 772 AD the kings of Norway were actually allied to Charlemagne in a war against the Danes, but they broke this pact when

he cut down Irminsûl and assassinated the Saxon lords. This led to the Scandinavians burning churches and attacking the Monasteries in England and France. The first recorded Viking attack took place the 6th of June in 793. The vast majority of the Viking attacks were attacks on France, because Charlemagne was seen as their main enemy. In the eighth century the advancement of the Vikings in Britain was stopped by Alfred the Great. Remember Alfred the Great was the only English king to establish the laws of Torah as part of English law. (When you obey God he will give victory over your enemies. You will see that repeated throughout history.) . The Vikings would settle in England and it is recorded they had no trouble adopting the faith of the Celtic Church. The people from Norway were Celtic Christians and kept their faith until the 15th century. When Norway became a part of Denmark in 1450 they became officially Catholics.

Yair Davies records that Benjamin was part of the Norman Invasion. xiv The Normans were made up of more than one tribe. The Tribe of Dan was also part of the Normans. The Normans were mainly from Denmark. They did have some Swedes mixed in with them. Dudo himself a Norman, said that some of the Normans came from Danes descendants of the ancient Danae and that their forefathers were the Dacae.

In 850 a band of Vikings received land from the King of France. The area was renamed Normandy. Those Vikings who settled in Normandy became known as the Normans and they were lead by Rollo. When they settled into the area, they intermarried with the local Celts and Alans who had settled there earlier

Benjamin in Russia

Account from Stephen Collins author of "The Twelve Tribes of Israel Found"

"We believe the white Russians are the tribe of Benjamin. The Vikings also raided into and settled in the modern Ukraine and western Russia. National Geographic Magazine made this comment about their eastern forays: "By the early ninth century they [the Vikings] were navigating the Volga and the Dnieper to reach the merchants of the Abbasid caliphate. By 860 they had attacked Constantinople..."

"The Encyclopaedia Britannica notes that the term "Russia" is linked to the term "Russ," a name given to Viking Norsemen of the 10th century AD who migrated from Scandinavia to the regions of Novgorod and Kiev (4). The name, "Russia," has a Scandinavian/Viking origin, not a Slavic one, even though modern Russia is now overwhelmingly Slavic. The Viking name, Russ, may well reveal a Benjaminite origin as one of the sons (and clans) of Benjamin was named "Rosh" (Genesis 46:21)."

Benjamin constitutes Norway and Iceland. The tribe of Benjamin was to "dwell between his shoulders". Iceland is located above the area of Britain.

"The beloved of the LORD shall dwell in safety by him, who shelters him all the day long; and he shall dwell between his shoulders" (Deut.33:12).

The Icelandic people were a colony of Norwegians, remember that the Benjaminites were located in that region. The tribes of Ephraim and Manasseh would be closer genetically to the Benjaminites than any other tribe of Israel because Joseph and Benjamin were the only sons of Jacob and Rachel.

Who is Ephraim and Manessah?

Ephraim and Manessah were the sons of Joseph and Asenath. Joseph married Asenath in Egypt. There is no evidence she was of Egyptian descent. Targum Pseudo-Jonathan states that Asenath was the daughter of Dinah, who was raped by Shechem (Gen. 34:1–3).

In Hebrew, *Manasseh* means, "to forget all your toil." Ephraim means "to be fruitful". Saxon means "dagger or short sword". The word Angles means "bull". We are told "Joseph is a fruitful bough, a fruitful bough by a spring; his branches run over the wall. The archers fiercely attacked; they shot at him, and pressed him hard. Yet his bow remained taut, and his

arms were made agile by the hands of the mighty one of Jacob, by the name of the Shepherd, the Rock of Israel." (Gen. 49:22-24).

In 410 AD the Anglo Saxons pushed into Britain. They were made up of two tribes — the Angles and the Saxons. England (Angle-land) was named after the Angles. Angle is another form for Aegel and Aegel was a nickname for Ephraim. Aegel means young bull in Hebrew. So England is called the land of the Bull!

Jer 31:18 I have surely heard Ephraim bemoaning himself *thus*; Thou hast chastised me, and I was chastised, **as a bullock** unaccustomed *to the yoke*: turn thou me, and I shall be turned; for thou *art* the LORD my God.

This tribe settled a territory bounded on the north by the territory of Manasseh and on the south by the territories of Dan and Benjamin (Josh. 16:5-10). In ancient times, the tribe of Manasseh was itself divided into two half tribes — one located east of the Jordan river and one west of the Jordan river. Interestingly, in modern times this same geographic positions has been maintained by the descendants of these ancient tribes.

Where did Ephraim and Manasseh Go after Captivity?

Ephraim and Manasseh left the land of Israel and went to Scythia. They

Ems Weser Albi Saxons Visury S

migrated from Scythia to Germany and Scandianavia.

In the first century the Germanic Tribes in Germany were known as the Suebi. They actually occupied half of the territory of Germany. Suebi meaning "one's own" people. Strabo wrote that the Suebi "excel all the others in power and numbers". He describes Suebic peoples

as having come to dominate Germany between the Rhine and Elbe.

They originated from the islands near Norway and settled in the northern Germany near the Baltic Sea called Schleswig. In the Hålogaland's account, a Norwegian account, it tells of a two-day voyage from the Oslo to Schleswig. In the historian account from Alfred the Great, the Angles came from the Islands near Norway. Alfred states "on these islands dwelt the Engle before they came hither".*

Wikipedia, Angles, "Bede states that the Anglii, before coming to Great



Britain, dwelt in a land called Angulus, "which lies between the province of the Jutes and the Saxons." King Alfred the Great and the chronicler Æthelweard identified this place with the district that is now called Angeln. The Saxons settled the west of England and pushed the original Britons further west in England.

By far the heaviest concentration of people who migrated to America from England came from the Anglia counties where the Angles had settled. Oddly enough the Hebrew word "Eglah" meaning "Heifer of the wild ox or unicorn." The unicorn appears on the British Coat of Arms. The descendants from England that settled in America are primarily descendants of the Angles.^{xvi}

Symbols of Joseph

Ephraim was a Bull. America uses the symbol of the Bull; Wall Street has a symbol of a large Bull. Many of the Coat of Arms for the states have a bull on it.

" His glory is like the firstling of his BULL, and his horns, are like the horn of a Unicorn with them he shall push the people together unto the ends of the earth: and they are the ten thousands of Ephraim, and they are the thousands of Manasseh." (Deuteronomy 33: 17)

According to the MIDRASH, "A unicorn was represented on the Standard Of Manasseh son of Joseph". **Vii The Royal Coat of Arms of Great Britain, there is a lion, and a unicorn standing on its hind feet. The

Loin represents Judah. In ancient times, the tribe of Manasseh was itself divided into two half tribes -- one located East of the Jordan river, and one West of the Jordan river, and North of Ephraim. Today, Manasseh represented by England on the east of the Atlantic Ocean, and Canada on west -- still lies north of Ephraim, the United States of America.

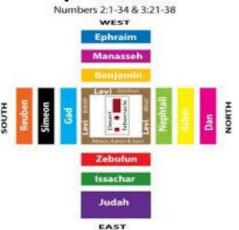
Ephraim is the 13th tribe

Joseph's tribe was split into two parts because they received a double portion. Ephraim was the 13th tribe because he was born after his brother Manessah. He was born last to Joseph in Egypt, after Manasseh, the 12th tribe. The U.S. flag has 13 stripes, the U.S. originally had 13 colonies, on the U.S. seal there are 13 stars above an eagle, also 13 arrows clutched in his left claw, and an olive branch with 13 leaves in its right claw, with a shield of 13 red and white stripes. The number 13 is associated with Ephraim and with America! Ephraim's symbols were an Olive Branch, while his second symbol is a Bundle of Arrows. The first will be last and the last will be first!

They Will Push West

Ephraim is always associated with the West. Ephraim would pitch his camp in the **West** with Manasseh and Benjamin (Num 2:18-22). According to Num 2:18, the west side shall be the standard of the camp of Ephraim according to their armies.

Encampment of the Tribes



When you read Ezekiel chapter one, the image has four faces — face of a man, face of a lion, face of an Ox and face of a Eagle. These faces represent the four tribes lead by Reuben, Judah, Ephraim and Dan—the lead tribes. Reuben's symbol was a man, Judah's symbol was a Lion,

Ephraim's symbol was an Ox, and Dan's symbol was a Eagle. You will also notice that the Ox is on the left side of the camp that is the West. Now notice that Ephraim was going to move **North** into Scythia and Europe and then **West** into Great Britain and America.

Isa 49:12 Behold, these shall come from far: and, lo, these from the north(Scythia) and from the west (U.S); and these from the land of Sinim.

Both Ephraim and Manessah pushed westward. Mannessah pushed western to Great Britain and Ephraim to America. Notice in the verse below that Ephraim was to follow the East wind. The East Wind moves West.

Hosea 12:1 prophesies: "**Ephraim...followeth after an eastwind**...they do make a covenant with the Assyrians.

Isa 49:20 The children which thou shalt have, after thou hast lost the other, shall say again in thine ears, **The place** *is* **too strait for me: give place to me that I may dwell**.

Through Moses, God prophesied that Joseph would "push the peoples to the end of the earth" (Deuteronomy 33:17). The Americans did what Israelites have been doing for centuries: They moved west. Don't forget about the famous American slogan -- "Go West young man Go West".

Deu 33:17 His glory is like the firstling of his bullock, and his horns are like the horns of unicorns: with them he shall push the people together to the ends of the earth.

America was to be a land of Refuge

Our forefathers understood that America was a land of Refuge for the Christian people. So the eagle on the American Symbol represents the eagle in Rev 12:14. The eagle symbolizes a place of safety from the persecution that was going on in Europe and Britain during the Protestation Reformation.

Deu_32:11 As an eagle stirreth up her nest, fluttereth over her young, spreadeth abroad her wings, taketh them, **beareth them on her wings:**

Another proof that America is Ephraim is her population. America out numbers Britain. American population is 250 Million compared to Britain

population of 57 Million. ." Deut 33:17says " and they are the ten thousands of Ephraim, and they are the thousands of Menasseh

Purpose of Ephraim

The purpose of Ephraim was to be a light to the Gentiles nations. Her job was also to lead the ten tribes of Israel.

Isa 49:6 And he said, It is a light thing that thou shouldest be my servant to raise up the tribes of Jacob, and to restore the preserved of Israel: <u>I will also give thee for a light to the Gentiles</u>, that thou mayest be my salvation unto the end of the earth.

Notice below the tribe of Ephraim will lead the Northern Tribes at the end time.

Eze 37:16 Moreover, thou son of man, take thee one stick, and write upon it, For Judah, and for the children of Israel his companions: then take another stick, and write upon it, For Joseph, the stick of Ephraim, and *for* all the house of Israel his companions:

Judah -- Where Did he go?

The tribe of Judah went to Spain as the Sephardic Jews. They were forced out by a decree in 1492 by King Ferdinand and Queen Isabella and from there spread to the area of Poland and Eastern Europe and Russia. They also traveled with the Saxons and Angles as the tribes of the Jutes and settled in Southern England.

Proof Scotland is Judah

What many people do not know is that the people of Scotland had a large number of Jews. The Milesians who settled Ireland were a tribe of Judah. We know that many of the people of Ireland moved into the land of Scotland. Geoffrey Keating wrote the history of Ireland. We can see this account of the Milesians today in the account of the "Annals of the Four Masters". It is the compiled history of Ireland written in the 16th century

and contains the historical writings of Keating. He told the account of Gathelus, a descendant of Calcol (son of Zerah who was the son of Judah) coming out of Egypt and first living in Spain. Later his descendants moved to Ireland as the Milesians. He mentioned that Gathelus was the son of Calcol who was the Trojan king who founded Athens. They are listed in the Bible as the sons of Zerah, one of the twin sons of Judah.

<u>1Ch</u> <u>2:6</u> And the sons of Zerah; Zimri, and Ethan, and Heman, and Calcol, and Dara: five of them in all.

His descendants were the Milesians in Ireland. They would eventually move to Scotland. We call them today the Scot-Irish people. They are not the same as the Irish people who came to America. The Irish people were mainly Catholic. The Scot-Irish were always Presbyterians. These people are the descendants of the Milesians and that makes them of the tribe of Judah. That is why Britain has a Loin on its Coat of Arms along with the Unicorn for the tribe of Manasseh and Ephraim. Scotland had a large settlement of Jews or Milesians later called Gaels in Northern Scotland or Highlands of Scotland. They are addressed as the Scottish Irish because they moved out of Ireland into Scotland.

It was prophesied that Ephraim and Manasseh would go to war against Judah. This has happened many times. Ephraim and Manasseh both lived in the land of Britain and for many centuries went to war with Scotland. Also many of the Scottish Irish people moved to America and settled in the Mountains of Tennessee. The American Civil War was a war between Ephraim in the north and Judah in the South!!

<u>Isa 9:21</u> Manasseh, Ephraim; and Ephraim, Manasseh: *and* they together *shall be* against Judah. For all this his anger is not turned away, but his hand *is* stretched out still.

Now also there is some proof that the Jewish people were taken out of the land of Israel and brought by the Assyrians into the area of Germany. Many of the Jews were taken out of the land of Israel before Judah's fall in

586 BC (I Kings 18). At one time, the Assyrians controlled the land of Germany. Now we know this information because the Jewish king names appear in the Bavarian Chronicles that was the earliest history of Germany.** The Assyrians would be known in history as the Hessians. Hessians would face George Washington at the famous battle at the Delaware River.

Where is Zebulon? The Dutch

The name Zebulun means "to dwell or dwelling". Zebulun's territory was located in what later became known as Galilee, in Northern Israel. Galilee would be honored as the first to hear Christ's preaching. Isa 9:1. The Prophet Jonah was also from Zebulon.

Where are they located? The Netherlands

We are told that Zebulon would live by the sea, on the beach or in a habor. They are the Dutch people. Actually 80% of the population of the Netherlands is Dutch. Also the Boers of South-Africa are mainly of Dutch stock. The Dutch would discover East and West Indies, Australia and New Zealand. Also the Dutch settled in New Amsterdam (New York).

Zebulon shall dwell at the HAVEN of the sea; and he shall be for an HAVEN

OF SHIPS (Gen 49:13 The Symbol of Zebulon was a ship. The symbol shown here is the national emblem for Holland in 1579.

Zebulon shall dwell at the shore of the sea, and he shall be a shore for ships ... (Gen 49:13). In other words, Zebulon will live at the seashore,

with ships anchoring along his coast ... (Gen 49:13) The Netherlands has only sandy beaches from the north coast of the Netherlands. This can only be fulfilled by Zebulon as a lost tribe, as Zebulon was a landlocked in Canaan. Zebulon made their living from the Sea and acquired their wealth from the Sea. They were merchants and built ships.) Rotterdam, one of the largest cities in the

Netherlands, was the biggest port of the world for fifty years and still is the biggest port in Europe.

Deu 33:18 And of Zebulun he said, Rejoice, Zebulun, in thy going out; and, Issachar, in thy tents.

Deu 33:19 They shall call the people unto the mountain; there they shall offer sacrifices of righteousness: for they shall suck of the abundance of the seas, and of treasures hid in the sand.

The people of Holland and Netherlands made their living by fishing, whaling, the harvesting of shellfish. By the 17th century one fifth of the entire Dutch population was occupied in the Herring industry! Their industry involves dredging vessels, making of dykes, canals and ports. The Dutch have been known for centuries to create some of the worlds largest merchant fleets. Royal Dutch Shell, commonly known as Shell Oil, is a Dutch owned oil and gas company headquartered in The Hague, Netherlands.

Zebulon would publish and write

In the book of Judges when Deborah was the leader in Israel, she prophesied the following about Zebulon. This was a prophecy. According to Strong's Bible Concordance the word "pen" here in the Hebrew means "branched off stick or scion for punishing". A Dutch man named Coster of Haarlem from Holland is considered "the first inventor of printing" xix Guttenberg did not invent the printing press; he actually "refined" it. He had the money to invest in starting the first publishing company.

Jdg 5:14 Out of Ephraim *was there* a root of them against Amalek; after thee, Benjamin, among thy people... and out of Zebulun they that handle the pen of the writer.

History

After captivity, Zebulon appeared in a placed called Zebulistan near Afghanstan. The name of Zebulon is also found in the name of a tribe called Sabalingoi. The S has replaced the Z. "SABALINGOI" in Hebrew means "People of ZEBULON".

The word "Goi" means people or nations. After this settlement, the tribes of Israel began to migrate into Europe and Scandinavia. Again we see these same tribal names appear.

Ptolemy records.

.From Jutland and Scandinavia there were several waves of migration into the area of nearby Holland so the Sabalingoi and Chali [sons of Jahleel son of Zebulun] may have moved to the Netherlands' region" (ibid, p.321, emphasis added). These tribal names appear in Holland among the Dutch people.



The Dutch people are the descendants of the Germanic tribe called the Frisians. According to Pliny the Younger in Roman times, the Frisians lived in man-made hills called Terps. According to other sources, the Frisians lived along a broader expanse of the North Sea coast. Frisia at this time comprised the present provinces of Friesland and North

Holland.

Holland's trade developed rapidly, especially in the areas of shipping and transport. The Dutch East India Company had many ships built and organized many trips to the Far East. Between 1602 and 1796 they sent almost a million Europeans to work in the Asia trade on 4,785 ships, and acquired for their efforts more than 2.5 million tons of Asian goods.

Encyclopaedia Britannica, 9th Edition, says about the Frisians.

"Frisians,... a people of Teutonic stock, who at their first appearance in history, are found in possession of the same district of Europe which they still, at least partially, occupy. So far as can be judged they have never been of an aggressive disposition "For this neglect the principal reason is undoubtedly the fact that the people have, at least in modern times, displayed no strong political individuality (bowed his shoulder to bear and became a servant unto tribute)."

It is very important to mention that during the 15th Century the Dutch allowed many people who were being persecuted to take refugee in Holland. The

Anabaptist, Mennonites and Pilgrims all fled to Holland for protection. Within a hundred years, God blessed Holland for their support of these refugees. They went from the poorest country in Europe to the richest. 150 years later, the Dutch would be given the diamond mines in Africa.

Who is Issachar? The Swiss

Issachar was the brother of Zebulon and the two were to be associated with each other. Their mother was Leah, sister of Rachel. The Standard of Issachar depicted the sun, moon, and stars. He was born when his mother, Leah, "hired" her husband from Rachel for the night. The name Issachar is derived from the root "sachar" meaning "hiring". This is one of the Characteristics of Issachar. Why Hiring? In Gen 30:14-16 we have Leah buying Jacob for the night from Rachel for Mandrakes. This resulted in the birth of Issachar.

He was praised for his intellect. The Princes of Issachar were with Deborah (Judges ch.5). If you remember that story they did not want to go to war. Issachar may have a tendency to beget accountants and engineers. Some pioneer scientists and researchers who sacrifice a portion of their lives seeking the truth may come from Issachar. They were also called to serve the other tribes in the areas of finance and were merchants by nature. Many of his people were poor and inclined to farm for a living. The Children of Issachar traditionally had the task of determining the Hebrew Calendar that involved astronomical calculations.

1Ch 12:32 And of the children of Issachar, which were men that had understanding of the times, to know what Israel ought to do; the heads of them were two hundred; and all their brethren were at their commandment.

Only the sons of Issachar were united to joined to fight with David (1 Chron. 12:23-32). The sons of Issachar were able to totally commit themselves to David, because they understood that it was the time for God to fulfill His word given by Samuel 17 years earlier (1 Sam. 15:28). The Lord granted them an anointing to understand the prophetic timing for when he would tear the kingdom of Israel away from Saul and give it to David (1 Sam. 15:22-28).

Also a donkey was a symbol of Issachar. Why are they compared to a strong and bony ass? It might refer to their stubbornness. In English there is the expression "stubborn as an mule".

Gen 49:14 Issachar *is* a strong ass couching down between two burdens:

Issachar in Switzerland

Scriptures says that Issachar loves rest. He is unwarlike and prefers to pay others to fight for him. They were not ruled by monarchs. The above description fits Switzerland to a tee. Switzerland has always been a republic and neutral, using its financial influence to ward off their enemies.

Gen 49:15 " And he saw that rest *was* good, and the land that *it was* pleasant; and bowed his shoulder to bear, and became a servant unto tribute".

The people of Switzerland originally settled by a tribe called the Alamans. The Alemans were among the earliest settlers of Switzerland. Alemans may also have been important in the early settlement of Finland. Also a group of Burgundians were called Skirio-Burgundio and some of the Burgundians settled in Switzerland.

Yair Davies states, "the Tribes"

"Now, the Alamans who conquered Switzerland were considered part of the Suebi or Suevi and so seem to have also called themselves.".

According to the Targum, the sons of Issachar were also biblical astronomers who kept track of the times and the seasons:

"and the sons of Issachar, who had understanding to know the times, and were skilled in fixing the beginnings of years, the commencement of months, and the intercalation of months and years; skillful in the changes of the moon, and in fixing the lunar solemnities to their proper times; skillful also in the doctrine of the solar periods; astrologers in signs and stars, that they might show Israel what to do." **

This is why you see stars on the flags of both Australia and New Zealand today. Also the Swiss are famous for their timepieces. The Swiss watches are the most

accurate in the world. It is interesting that the constellations appear in Australia first.

Levi - Where did he go?

They were a class of Priest that lived in the land of Israel. The Israeli stamp depicts the High Priests breastplate that was worn during the Temple service and is the symbol of Levi. Moses and Aaron were both of the tribe of Levi not Judah. All the prophets were Levites except Amos. The Tribe of Levi had no land inheritance in the old land of Israel.

Gen 49:5 Simeon and Levi are brethren; instruments of cruelty are in their habitations.

Eze 44:28 And it shall be unto them for an inheritance: I *am* their inheritance: and ye shall give them no possession in Israel: I *am* their possession.

They were called the Magi in the land of Scythia and Parthia. They were priest and judges in the land of Parthia. Most Levites appear today to be found scattered among all tribes of tribes. In fact there was a large settlement of them in the area of Wales. They founded a religious college during the Dark Ages called Bangor. They would be the teachers and pastors of the people of Israel. Today many biblical teachers could be the descendants of the Levi. In fact many of us maybe the Levi and not know it. They would wine up in Wales and would become the Quakers.

ATTACHMENT THREE: The Scarlet Thread

History and establishment of the Troy Kings

Biblical Account

The Biblical account begins in Genesis Chapter 38. Judah had three sons –Er, Onan and Shelah. Er married Tamar. God was displeased with Er and slew him. Judah gave Tamar to Onan who refused to have children with her. As a result God slew him also. Judah would not give his last son to Tamar because he was too young and he also feared he would die also.

At that time in history it was very important for a woman to have a son. There was no social security system and the mothers needed their sons to take care of them.

Tamar had a plan. She dressed as a prostitute and waited for Judah knowing his wife had recently died. She conceived and bore two sons from her union with Judah –Phares and Zarah.

God could not use Judah's first three son as descendants for royal lineage of Judah. That is why God sent Tamar to dress as a prostitute resulting in the 2 twins – Zarah and Pharez.

Notice also that Judah passed his signs of identity to Tamar – his signet, bracelet and staff.

Gen 38:18 And he said, What pledge shall I give thee? And she said, Thy signet, and thy bracelets, and thy staff that *is* in thine hand. And he gave *it* her, and came in unto her, and she conceived by him.

Who wore the Scarlet Thread?

Gen 38:28 And it came to pass, when she travailed, that the **one put out his** hand: and the midwife took and bound upon his hand a scarlet thread, saying, This came out first.

Gen 38:29 And it came to pass, as he drew back his hand, that, behold, his brother came out: and she said, How hast thou broken forth? **this breach be upon thee:** therefore his name was called Pharez.

Gen 38:30 And afterward came out his brother, that had the scarlet thread upon his hand: and his name was called Zarah.

We know from the genealogy in the book of Mathew <u>that the Messiah</u> <u>descended from the Pharez line of Judah</u> –not Zarah. Pharez was considered the first born.

Mat 1:3 And Judas begat Phares and Zara of Thamar; and Phares begat Esrom; and begat Aram

We also know that the Kings of Israel descended through the line of Pharez and God promised that the sceptre would not depart from Judah (Gen 49:10).

So what is the importance of the Scarlet thread?

In Genesis 46:12 Pharez had his own two sons with him, but Zerah went to Egypt without children. •Yet while the records of the census in the desert mention of the sons of Pharez (Num. 26:21), Zerah's sons are not mentioned going into Egypt. •

God had a special purpose for Zarah. His son Dara (Dardanus) was the founder of Troy and began the line of the Trojan Kings.

Judah may have polluted the bloodline with his first three children Er, O'nan and She'lah when he married Shua, a Canaanite. (Gen 38:2). Whatever the reason God did not use Judah's descendants by Shua to start the lineage of Judah.

According to E. Raymond Capt,

"Darda, "the Egyptian," (son of Zarah) was "DARDANUS," the EGYPTIAN FOUNDER OF TROY."

The Ency. Britannica tells us that the founder of Troy was Dardanus. In this paper we will discuss who he was, his origin and where is descendants settled.

"DARDANUS, in Greek legend . . . mythical FOUNDER OF DARDANUS on the Hellespont and ANCESTOR OF THE DARDANS of the Troad and, through AENEAS, of THE ROMANS. ...DARDANUS FLED ACROSS THE SEA. ... CROSSED OVER TO THE TROAD. Being hospitably received by Teucer, he

married his daughter Batea and **became THE FOUNDER OF THE ROYAL HOUSE OF TROY.**"

The Ency. Britannica bases their evidence on two sources --the writings of a 4th Century **Greek Historian**, **Hecataeus of Abdera**, who was quoting Egyptian history and the familiar Greek epic of **Homer "Iliad and the Odyssey**". In this epic Homer records the story of the founding of Troy in present day Turkey and calls Dardanus Illium.

"They then migrated into what is now TURKEY. Finally a branch under ILUS founded TROY under the name 'llium."

But who was Dardanus?

Dardanus was the first Trojan King. •According to Jewish historian <u>Josephus</u>, Dardanus was Darda listed in the Bible as one of the son's of Zarah.

ZARA'S DESCENDANTS FLED OUT OF EGYPT under the leadership of DARDA. •The Jewish historian Josephus calls him DARDANUS. •There, under the rule of DARDA (DARDANUS) they established a Kingdom, later called TROY. •DARDANELLES. a small body of water, still bears his name.

Solomon is compared to Dara and Calcol for their greatness. Apparently they were both great kings in history. (1 Kings 4:31) **Notice how history records Dardanus coming out of Egypt to found Troy.**

Trojan Kings in Europe

Many European kings from Rome, Ireland and England have alleged that they descended from the family of the Trojan Kings.

Who was Calcol?

Calcol was one of the sons of Zarah. According to ancient legends Calcol went to Asia Minor with his brother Dardanus.

1Ch 2:6 And the sons of Zerah; **Zimri**, **and Ethan**, **and Heman**, **and Calcol**, **and Dara**: **five of them in all**.

The early migration of Calcol is noted in the book "How Israel Came to Britain:"

"Actually, groups of Israelites began to migrate away from the main body BEFORE THE ISRAEL NATION WAS FORMED --while, as a people, they were STILL IN BONDAGE IN EGYPT. **One of these groups under the leadership of** Calcol, a prince of the tribe of Judah, went westward across the Mediterranean eventually settling in Ulster [Ireland]. ANOTHER, under the leadership of DARDANUS, a brother of Calcol, CROSSED TO ASIA MINOR to found the Kingdom later known as TROY

Also if you review the census in Num 1 and 26., you will see many of the Israelites are missing after the first census. There is no Bible account as to where they went.

Calcol is Cecrops

The Rev. William Milner regarded Calcol as the same person as Cecrops, the first King of Athens. Cecrops became the first king and founder of Athens. The inhabitants of the country were wild and without discipline. We read that Cecrops set to work organizing them, gave them their laws and generally brought order out of the chaos. The fact that Cecrops divided the people into twelve communities suggests he brought with him members of the 12 tribes.

Nelson's Encyclopaedia describes Calcol reign as follows:

"To him are attributed the institution of marriage, the abolition of human sacrifice, and the establishment of a purer worship".

Herman L. Hoeh, in "Compendium of World History," states that "Athenian history commences with the founding of the city by CECROPS in 1556 [B.C.]." (Vol. I, p.390).

The book of Maccabees gives us evidence that the Spartans were Jewish brothers.

"Areus, king of the Spartans, to Onias, the high priest, greetings. It has been discovered in a document concerning the **Spartans and Jews that they are brothers**, and are of the race of Abraham"

FOUNDING OF ROME

According to Virgil, Aeneas, a descendant of the Trojan kings, left Troy after its fall. (800 B.C.) He traveled to Carthage, Sicily, and Cumae and eventually his son Ascanius founded Alba Long, mother city of Rome. The historian **Virgil credits Aeneas' son with the founding of Rome**.

The account is found in *Aeneid*, written by the **Roman historian Virgil**, recorded in Funk and Wagnall:

"The AENEID is a mythical work in twelve books, describing the wanderings of the hero AENEAS and a small band of TROJANS after the fall of Troy. Aeneas escaped from Troy. . carrying his aged father on his shoulders, and leading his young son ASCANIUS by the hand, but in the confusion of his hasty flight he lost his wife, Creusa. ...Aeneas was shipwrecked on THE COAST OF

AFRICA and welcomed by DIDO, Queen of CARTHAGE.... After visiting SICILY again and stopping at CUMAE.,... Aeneas was welcomed by LATINUS, KING OF LATIUM. [Aeneid fought for the hand of Latinia King Latium's daughter]..., thus making possible the marriage of Aeneas and Lavinia.... and his son ASCANIUS FOUNDED ALBA LONGA, the mother city of Rome."

The Caesars were descendants of Trojan Kings.

This letter is quoted in by **Geoffrey of Monmouth**, the letter written to Julius Caesar: Cassibelaun, king of the Britain, to Caius Julius Caesar. Geoffrey had possession of the letter.

"We cannot but wonder, Caesar, at the avarice of the Roman people, since their insatiable thirst after money cannot let us alone whom the dangers of the ocean have placed in a manner out of the world; but they must have the presumption to covet our substance, which we have hitherto enjoy'd in quiet. Neither is this indeed sufficient: we must also prefer subjection and slavery to them, before the enjoyment of our native liberty. Your demand therefore, Caesar, is scandalous, since the **SAME VEIN OF NOBILITY, FLOWS FROM AENEAS, IN BRITONS**AND ROMANS, and ONE AND THE SAME CHAIN OF CONSANGUINITY SHINES IN BOTH: which ought to be a band of firm union and friendship. That was what you should have demanded of us, and not slavery: we have learned to admit of the one, but never to bear the other. And so much have we been accustomed to liberty, that we are perfectly ignorant what it is to submit to slavery. And if even the gods themselves should attempt to deprive us of our liberty, we would to the utmost of our power resist them in defense of it. . . ."

FOUNDING OF BRITAIN

Below are the historian references that Brutus founded Britain. Brutus was a Trojan King who accidentally killed his father and was banished from Italy. Both Ency Britannica, Wikipeida credit Brutus with founding Britain in 1100 B.C. The account is also recorded in the history of Britain by historian Geoffrey of Monmouth. We are including all the historian references below.

LEGEND OF BRUTUS -- The Annals of the Romans tell us,

After Aeneas founded Alba, he had a son named SILVIUS. •When Silivus' wife became pregnant, Aeneas sent a wizard to determine whether the baby was male or female. •After examining Silvius' wife, the wizard foretold that the woman had a male in her womb who would be the child of death --would eventually kill his father and mother.

During the birth of the child, Silvius' wife died, and the boy was reared by the father and named Britto. Many years later, the young man Britto killed his father by accident while practicing archery with some friends --fulfilling the wizard's prophecy. Because of this terrible accident, Brutus was driven from Italy and came to the islands of the Tyrrhene Sea and he eventually landed in Britain.

Britannica Ency.,

"Brut,any of several medieval chronicles of Britain tracing the history and legend of the country from the time of the mythical **Brutus**, **descendant of Aeneas and founder of Britain**."

From Wikipedia Ency,

"Brutus or Brute of Troy is a legendary descendant of the Trojan hero Aeneas known in medieval British legend as the eponymous founder and first king of Britain . This legend first appears in the Historian Britonum a 9th century historical compilation attributed to Nennius, but is best known from the account given by the 12th century chronicler Geoffrey of Monmouth in his *Historia Regum Britanniae*"

The reference David Williamson, in his book "Kings and Queens of Britain," comments on Geoffrey of Monmouth's writings:

"Geoffrey of Monmouth, writing in the first half of the twelfth century, sought to tell the story of Britain from its...FOUNDATION BY BRUTUS THE TROJAN until the coming of the Saxons...Geoffrey claimed that his History of the Kings of Britain was translated from 'a certain very ancient book written in the British language' which had been given to him by Walter, Archdeacon of Oxford. It was dedicated to two of the LEADING NOBLEMEN of the day, Robert, Earl of Gloucester (d. 1147) [a]...son of King Henry I, and Waleran, Count of Mellent (d. 1166). In it he tells of the wanderings of BRUTUS, the great-grandson of AENEAS, forced to leave Italy after accidentally killing his father and eventually, after many adventures, COMING TO ALBION, which he renamed BRITAIN from his own name, after driving out the aboriginal giants. The story continues with the...deeds of BRUTUS' DESCENDANTS and successors FROM ABOUT 1100 B.C. "

The arrival of Trojans in Britain is traced by E. Raymond Capt:

"The descendants of DARDA (DARDANNES or DANAANS) ruled ancient TROY for several hundred years, until the city was destroyed in the famous "Siege of Troy." AENEAS, the last of the ROYAL BLOOD, (Zarah-Judah) collected the remnants of his nation and traveled with them to ITALY. There he married the daughter of LATINUS, king of the Latins, and subsequently FOUNDED THE GREAT ROMAN EMPIRE. Aeneas' GRANDSON, BRUTUS with a large part of

the TROJANS migrated to "the GREAT WHITE ISLAND" (an early name for BRITAIN due to its chalk cliffs). Tradition says that on the way to the "White Island" Brutus came across FOUR OTHER TROJAN COLONIES UPON THE COAST OF SPAIN and persuaded them to join him."

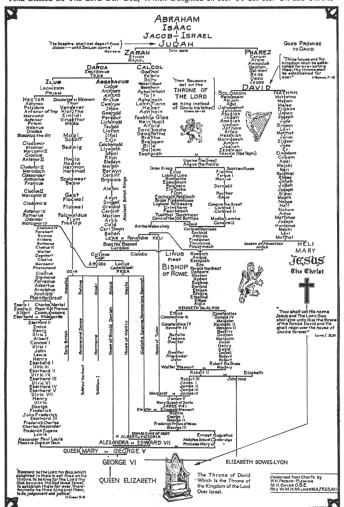
The story is also substanted in "Missing Links Discovered in Assyrian.

"The WELSH RECORDS state that three tribes of his countrymen received Brutus and his company as brethren and proclaimed Brutus KING at a national convention of the whole island. his three sons, born after his arrival in Britain were named after the three tribes --LOCRINUS, CAMBER, and ALBAN. Brutus' name heads the role in all the genealogies of the British kings, preserved as faithfully as were those of the kings of Israel and Judah."

In the manuscript section of the British Library lies an old document -MS43968 --

GOD BLESS OUR GRACIOUS QUEEN

And Blessed Be The Lord Our God, Which Delighted In Her To Set Her On His Throne



THE GENEALOGY OF QUEEN ELIZABETH II

that used to be kept in Windsor Castle. This chart gives the descent of the British Royal Family from ADAM THROUGH BRUTUS.

William F. Skene, author of a book on the *Stone of Destiny*, states that.

"the King of England, by whom the kingdom of Scotland was derived from Albanactus, the youngest son of Brutus, the Eponymus of the Britons, while that of England was derived from Locrinus, the eldest son."

Even James I knew of his background, and let it be known on several occasions that he was descended from Brutus!

FOUNDING OF IRELAND

Calcol's son was called Gathelus. While ruling Athens, Calcol had a son by the name of GATHELUS. Geoffrey Keating, tells the entire story of Gathelus' voyage to Ireland. in his work "The History of Ireland".

Gathelus returned to Egypt but was expelled by the Egyptian King.Intur.

"Pharaoh INTUR [son of Nectonibus] and the Egyptians... remembered their old grudge to...the family of GAEDAL [Gathelus], namely their resentment for the FRIENDSHIP the latter had formed with the children of Israel. they, then, made war upon the Gaels, who were thereby compelled to exile themselves from egypt."

He [Gathelus] then set sail from the mouth of the Nile, into the Mediterranean, and landed on an island near Thrace. It is called IRENA, and there it was that Ir, son of miledh, was born.

"Gathelus, therefore, **traveled from Irena to the island of Gothia** by passing into the Black Sea through the DARDANELLES, then to the Baltic by way of the "straight leading into the NORTHERN OCEAN."

The "island called Gothia" is now the island off the east coast of Sweden known as GOTLAND. Also at the time of the Exodus the area from the Black Sea to the Baltic was under water and deep enough to allow the shipping of the day to pass through.

S. Gusten Olson notes that "there is evidence that it was transported from the regions of the north sea and the Baltic to the Aegean sea. One route traversed through Denmark and Germany, finally reaching the ports of the north-central Mediterranean....

TRAVELED TO SCOTLAND FIRST THEN TO SPAIN

Thence [from the island of Gothia in the Baltic] he set sail into the northern straight ... until he reached Cruthintuath, i.e. the land of the Cruthnigh or Picts, which is called ALBA [SCOTLAND].

"After staying in the northern parts of Scotland for seven years, Gathelus" plundered the coasts of that country, and thence sailed along the coast of Great Britain, LEAVING IT ON THE RIGHT, until he reached the mouth of the river REN (i.e. the RHINE); thence, sailing westward and southward, he leaves France on his left, and at length lands in Biscay [a province in the northwest angle of Spain, lying on the Atlantic Ocean, and bordering on France]."

The British historian Nennius, says it took 42 years to complete his voyage:

"He [Gathelus] was expelled [from Egypt] and **he wandered for 42 years...and** came to SPAIN, and there they lived for many years...."

According to Hector Boece, Gathelus

. . . they [the Spaniards] therefore asked GATHELUS for a peace conference and quickly gave him...part of their land in the **NORTH PART OF SPAIN, NOW**

CALLED GALYCIA, because they had a prophecy that said a strange people would sometime come to dwell there...Following this GATHELUS NAMED ALL HIS SUBJECTS SCOTS, IN HONOUR AND AFFECTION FOR HIS WIFE, WHO WAS CALLED SCOTA"

While in Spain they discovered there was a shortage of food and they continued to have conflicts with the local residences. Gathelus sent his uncle ITH to Eri which is the ancient name of Ireland. Ith was killed in battle upon his arrival.

"they resolved to choose ith [... to reconnoitre the isle of Eri. the place where they adopted this counsel was the tower of breogan in gallicia. thus it happened that they sent Ith to Eri."

A battle ensued resulting in the death of Ith. This infuriated the sons of Gathelus who planned revenge upon the residences of Ireland.

"the sons of Miledh...mustered an army for the invasion of Ireland, both to wreck vengeance upon the [inhabitants] for the murder of Ith, and to seize upon that kingdom for themselves. their entire fleet numbered thirty ships, in each of which there were thirty warriors, without counting their wives and their attendants.."

"had been driven from Spain, and were roving on the seas to find a place of settlement; and that he therefore entreated **Gwrgant to grant then permission to abide in some part of the island [of IRELAND]** as they had been at sea for a year and a half. Gwrgant [King of Britain] having thus learned hence they were, and what was their purpose, directed them with his goodwill ...TO IRELAND.... Thither therefore they went, and there they settled, and peopled the country; and THEIR DESCENDANTS are to this day IN IRELAND.

Was the breach healed?

God made a promise to David that his descendants from the Judah line of Pharez would always sit on a throne of Israel.

1Ki 9:5 Then I will establish the throne of thy kingdom upon Israel for ever, as I promised to David thy father, saying, **There shall not fail thee a man upon the throne of Israel**

Prophet Nathan told David in I Ch 17 that God promised his seed would establish a kingdom.

1Ch 17:11 And it shall come to pass, when thy days be expired that thou must go to be with thy fathers, that I will raise up thy seed after thee, which shall be of thy sons; and I will establish his kingdom.

1Ch 17:12 He shall build me an house, and I will stablish his throne for ever.

Now we know that the Pharez <u>Kingship</u> stopped with captivity of Judah. So in order for God to fulfill his promise he made to David he would have to move

David descendants to a different a throne. How did God fulfill his promise to David?

The Prophet Jeremiah felt he had a commission "to Plant."

Jer 1:10 See, I have this day set thee over the nations and over the kingdoms, to root out, and to pull down, and to destroy, and to throw down, to build, and to plant.

Jeremiah understood that he was to plant a kingdom.

Jer 18:9 And at what instant I shall speak concerning a nation, and concerning a kingdom, to build and to plant it;

According to the Messiah, the kingdom was taken from the Jews in Jerusalem given to another nation.

Matthew 21:43: "The kingdom of God shall be taken from you, and given to a nation bringing forth the fruits thereof".

There was a "tender one" that would be planted.

Eze 17:22 Thus saith the Lord GOD; I will also take of the highest branch of the high cedar, and will set *it*; I will crop off from the top of his young twigs a tender one, and will plant *it* upon an high mountain and eminent:

Who is this Tender one that must be planted?

According to an Irish legend, Tea Tephi, Zedekiah's daughter, was taken to Ireland to marry a King of the Zarah line of Judah.

HOWEVER, TEA TEPHI IS NOT RECORDED IN THE <u>WRITTEN HISTORY</u> OF THE IRELAND. That does not mean the legend did not occur.

Is it possible that David brought his daughter Tamah to Ireland to marry the King of Ireland? History does not say but it is obvious that God had to fulfill his promise to David. David's descendants were to always sit on a throne of Israel. That means the Pharez line had to sit on a throne after the captivity.

What we do know is that the daughters of the king were with Jeremiah after the captivity. He took them to Egypt to Tahpanhes. There is archeological evidence that Tahpanhes was the palace for the Jewish daughters.

"Even men, and women, and children, AND THE KING'S DAUGHTERS... and Jeremiah the prophet, and Baruch the son of Neriah. So they came into the land of Egypt... thus came they even to Tahpanhes" (*JEREMIAH 43:6,7*).

Archaeologist Sir Flinders Petrie dug at Tahpanhes in A.D. 1886 and found that the fortress mound was still called "Qasr Bint el Yehudi" meaning the "PALACE OF THE JEW'S DAUGHTER".

Queen Victoria actually told her subjects that she was the descendant of Tephi and that Jeremiah did bring the Princess to Ireland. Later this throne would be moved from Ireand to Scotalnd by King Fergus.

In conclusion:

It stands to reason that the legend about Tea Tephi is true. Either she was the daughter of Zedekiah or she was the daughter of King David. This fact stands that David was promised his seed would sit on a throne of Israel. History does not record it but in order for God to fulfill his promise to David that needed to occur. If the legend is true then marriage between Tea and the King of Ireland would have healed the breach between Zarah and Pharez.

The History of Ireland records that Gathelus died in Spain. His wife, Scota died with many others on the voyage to Ireland. But the sons of Gathelus actually settled the land of Ireland.

ⁱGeorge Rawlinson, note in his translation of History of Herodotus, Book VII, p. 378

[&]quot;Universal Jewish Ency, VIII:26 "Cambridge History Of Iran vol. 3:1:522

iv .2 Esdras 13, The Apocrypha

v Esdras xiii. 39-45

Vi Josephus, Antiquities of the Jews, XI, V, 2

188 Bradley, The Goths, p. 23²¹ Eusebius, The History of the Church , (Ecclesiastical History), Book 3, 1,

1Rawlinson, Sixth Great Oriental Monarchy, p. 367

21 Eusebius, The History of the Church , (Ecclesiastical History), Book 3, 1, 1^{xi} Ency Britannica, on line – " Tuathe De Danaans"

xiii Davidy, Yair. The Tribes,

xiii Davidy, Yair. The Tribes,

xiv .Davidy, Yair. The Tribes, p. 232

xv King Alfred's Orosius, ed. H. Sweet (Early English Text Society) 1883:19, noted in H.R. Loyn, Anglo-Saxon England and the Norman Conquest, 2nd ed. 1991:24.

xvi White, C. M., In Search of...the Origin of Nations: History Research Projects, 2003, p. 394.

xviii., Yair Davidy, The Tribes, p.220, second edition, Russell-Davis Publishers, Israel, 1999).

xviii Dr. Herman Hoeh, The Compendium of History, Volume 2 xix Encyclopedia Britannica, vol. 2 and vol. 18, 1961, edition).

xx Adam Clarke's Commentary, Biblesoft Electronic Database.